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Forest Statistics for North Georgia, 1989

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Foreword

This report highlights the principal findings of the sixth forest survey in North Georgia. Field work began in December 1988 and was completed in February 1989. Five previous surveys, completed in 1936, 1953, 1961, 1972, and 1983, provide statistics for measuring changes and trends over the past 53 years. The primary emphasis in this report is on the changes and trends since 1983. Previously reported figures have been adjusted to provide the best estimate of change.

Periodic surveys of the forest resource are authorized by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Research Act of These surveys are a continuing, nationwide undertaking by the Regional Experiment Stations of the USDA Forest Service. In Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia, these surveys are administered by the Forest Inventory and Analysis (Forest Survey) Research Unit at the Southeastern Forest Experiment Station, with headquarters in Asheville, NC. The primary objective of the survey is to periodically inventory and evaluate all forest and related resources. These multiresource data help provide a basis for formulating forest policies and programs and for the orderly development and use

of the resources. This report deals only with the extent and condition of forest land, associated timber volumes, and rates of timber growth and removals. The 21-county area covered by this report is one of five Survey Units in Georgia. Similar reports, USDA Forest Service Resource Bulletins SE-102. SE-104, and SE-105, have been issued for Southwest, Southeast, and Central Georgia, respectively. A comparable report for North Central Georgia is presently underway. When completed, the inventory will provide updated statistics on the timber resource for all of Georgia.

The Southeastern Station gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and assistance provided by the Georgia Forestry Commission in collecting field data. Appreciation is also expressed for the excellent cooperation of other public agencies, forest industry, and other private landowners in providing information and access to the sample locations.

Noel D. Cost

Acting Project Leader

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Since 1983 in North Georgia

- · area of timberland decreased by nearly 5 percent, or 144,000 acres. Timberland now covers less than 3.0 million acres--70 percent of the land in this 21-county area. Almost 208,000 acres were diverted to other land uses, while only 64,000 acres of new timberland were added. Urban and related land uses claimed the largest share of the timberland diversions with 38 percent. Agricultural uses were next, taking 29 percent of the diverted timberland, followed by reserved timberland with 24 percent. Approximately 43,000 acres of timberland were reclassified to reserved timberland, primarily because of new additions to wilderness on the Chattahoochee National Forest. Natural reversions and tree planting on former agricultural land accounted for all of the acres added to the timberland base.
- · area of national forest timberland decreased by 2 percent to less than 644,000 acres. This decrease is largely due to increases in reserved timberland. Overall, the area of public timberland increased about 1 percent to 721,000 acres, primarily because of increases in State, county, and municipal holdings. Nonindustrial private forest (NIPF) acreage dropped by more than 7 percent to less than 2.0 million acres. Most of this decline was caused by a 30-percent drop in farmer-owned timberland to 347,000 acres. Timberland held by other individuals declined 3 percent to less than 1.3 million acres. Other corporations offset some of the losses with a 16-percent increase to 325,000 acres. NIPF timberland accounts for two-thirds of the total timberland. Forest industry holdings remained fairly stable at 269,000 acres.
- area harvested and retained in timberland averaged 47,000 acres annually. Seventy percent of the harvested acreage came from NIPF ownerships. Both forest industry and public ownerships each accounted for 15 percent of the area experiencing a final harvest. Partial harvests and other intermediate cuttings took place on another 20,000 acres each

- year. Natural disturbances such as fire, insects, diseases, and weather damaged some 22,000 acres annually.
- area artificially regenerated averaged 22,000 acres annually, a fourfold increase over the previous rate. Artificial regeneration increased on all major ownership categories, but the greatest percentage increase occurred on NIPF lands, up from less than 1,000 to more than 7,000 acres annually. Forest industry accounts for about one-half of the current planting, NIPF for onethird, and public for the remainder. An additional 38,000 acres were regenerated annually by natural means. Seventy-six percent of the natural regeneration occurred on NIPF lands. Natural reversion and planting of nonforest land averaged more than 8,000 acres annually. Altogether, more than 60,000 acres were regenerated annually, exceeding acres harvested by 28 percent.
- average basal area of live trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and larger has changed little, averaging 75 square feet per acre. The number of sapling-size trees per acre has decreased by almost 10 percent to 549. Stands classified as fully stocked have increased by 11 percent to almost 1.1 million acres. Medium stocked stands have decreased by 7 percent to 1.5 million acres, and poorly stocked stands have dropped by 25 percent to less than 0.4 million acres.
- volume of softwood growing stock has dropped more than 6 percent from 2.1 to 1.9 billion cubic feet. Softwoods account for 40 percent of the entire growing-stock inventory volume. Decreases in volume occurred across all diameter classes except for the 18- and 22-inch and larger diameter classes. Volume of Virginia pine, the most predominant softwood species, increased 12 percent to 634 million cubic feet. Volume in loblolly and shortleaf pines declined to 525 and 426 million cubic feet, respectively. Volume of softwood growing stock includes 6.4 billion board feet of sawtimber, up less than 2 percent.

- · volume of hardwood growing stock has increased more than 7 percent, from 2.7 to 2.9 billion cubic feet. All diameter classes increased in volume except the 6-, 12-, and 16-inch classes, all of which dropped slightly. Collectively, oak species make up 59 percent of the hardwood volume in North Georgia. More than half of the oaks are in the white oak group. Chestnut oak contains the most volume of any hardwood species with 475 million cubic feet, and yellowpoplar ranks next with 441 million cubic feet. Hickories contain 323 million cubic feet. Volume of hardwood growing stock includes 8.3 billion board feet of sawtimber, up 14 percent.
- · net annual growth of softwood growing stock decreased by 26 percent to 65 million cubic feet, a continuation of the trend recorded in the previous survey. Two-thirds of the softwood net growth occurred on NIPF land; the remainder was about equally divided between public and forest industry land. Net annual growth of hardwood growing stock was down by 4 percent to 77 million cubic feet. For the first time in North Georgia, hardwood growth exceeded softwood growth. About 68 percent of hardwood growth occurred on NIPF land, 27 percent on public land, and only 5 percent on forest industry holdings. For softwoods and hardwoods combined, net annual growth included 597 million board feet of sawtimber.
- annual removals of softwood growing stock were up by 67 percent to 86 million cubic feet. Softwoods comprise two-thirds of the total annual volume removed. NIPF lands provided two-thirds of the softwood removals; forest industry and public lands each supplied about 17 percent. Annual removals of hardwood growing stock more than doubled to 45 million cubic feet. The national forest acreage removed from timberland accounted for one-third of the hardwood removals. Because of the wilderness withdrawals, more than one-half of the hardwood removals came from public land. Another 41 percent came from NIPF, and the remainder came from forest industry.

- All ownerships combined, removals of softwoods exceeded growth by 32 percent. In contrast, hardwood growth exceeded removals by 69 percent. Removals of growing stock included 291 million board feet for softwoods and 130 million board feet for hardwoods.
- annual mortality of growing stock increased for both hardwoods and softwoods, totaling 36 million cubic feet.

 Softwood mortality rose 22 percent to 19 million cubic feet, whereas hardwood mortality increased by 47 percent to 18 million cubic feet. Insects caused more than half of the softwood mortality.

 Disease was the leading identifiable cause of death to hardwoods with 27 percent. For softwoods and hardwoods combined, annual mortality included 80 million board feet of sawtimber.

Recently, the FIA Unit reviewed its data processing procedures. During this process, a computer error was discovered that led to inflated estimates of annual removals, net annual growth, and annual mortality for the 1972-1982 remeasurement period in Georgia. Therefore, the preceding discussion of trends for these components of change is based on revised data for this period. If you desire further information about these changes, please contact the FIA staff at:

Forest Inventory and Analysis Southeastern Forest Experiment Station P.O. Box 2680 Asheville, NC 28802

Phone: 704-257-4350

How the Inventory is Made

The method of the inventory is a sampling procedure designed to provide reliable statistics primarily at the State and Survey Unit levels. Individual county statistics are presented so that any combination of counties may be added together until a total is large enough to meet the desired degree of reliability. Procedures were as follows:

- 1. Initial estimates of forest and nonforest areas were based on the classification of 20,938 sample clusters systematically spaced on the latest aerial photographs available. A subsample of 874 of the 16-point clusters was ground checked, and a linear regression was fitted to the data to develop the relationship between the photo and ground classification of the subsample. This procedure provides a means for adjusting the initial estimates of area for change in land use since date of photography and for photo misclassifications.
- 2. Estimates of timber volume and forest classifications were based on measurements recorded at 606 ground sample locations systematically distributed on timberland. The plot design at each location was based on a cluster of 10 points. In most cases, variable plots, established by using a basal-area factor of 37.5 square feet per acre, were systematically spaced within a single forest condition at 5 of the 10 cluster points. Trees less than 5 inches d.b.h. were tallied on a fixed-radius plot around each point center.
- 3. Equations prepared from detailed measurements collected on standing trees in this Survey Unit, and similar measurements taken throughout the Southeast, were used to compute the volume of individual tally trees. A mirror caliper and sectional aluminum poles were used to obtain the additional measurements on these standing trees required to construct volume equations.

- 4. Felled trees were measured at 5 active cutting operations. These data will supplement the standing-tree volume data and be used to generate utilization factors for product and species groups. Forest biomass estimates were made from equations developed by the Utilization of Southern Timber Research Work Unit of the Southeastern Forest Experiment Station in Athens, GA.
- 5. Estimates of growth, removals, and mortality were determined from the remeasurement of 620 permanent sample plots established in the fifth survey.
- 6. Ownership information was collected from correspondence, public records, and local contacts. In those counties where the sample missed a particular ownership class, temporary sample plots were added.
- 7. All field data were sent to Asheville for editing and were entered into disk and magnetic-tape storage for processing. Final estimates were based on statistical summaries of the data.

Reliability of the Data

Statistical analysis of these data indicates the following sampling errors in terms of one standard error (two times out of three):

				P	ercent
Per million acres of timberland					0.68
Per billion cubic feet of	•	٠	٠	٠	0.00
growing stock	•	•	•	•	6.39
Per billion cubic feet of					
net annual growth	•	•	•	•	1.11
Per billion cubic feet of					2 01
annual removals	_	_			3.91

Sampling errors for county and unit totals, a in terms of one standard error, North Georgia, 1989

	Timberland	Cubic-foot volume of growing stock					
County	area	Inventory	Growth	Removals			
		Samplin	g error ^b				
Bartow	1.67	16.94	14.76	31.11			
Catoosa	4.09	30.59	22.89	47.29			
Chattooga	1.26	17.68	16.80	38.69			
Cherokee	1.30	8.93	8.97	42.54			
Dade	2.95	11.33	17.18	100.04			
Dawson	1.42	12.25	15.31	100.01			
Fannin	1.58	9.88	10.30	51.34			
Floyd	1.88	11.55	10.42	31.47			
Gilmer	.75	8.24	8.47	35.93			
Gordon	2.16	20.06	20.92	42.00			
Habersham	1.94	12.26	14.37	49.80			
Lumpkin	.83	13.35	13.83	42.12			
Murray	1.49	13.82	13.09	64.95			
Pickens	1.36	13.15	12.92	47.91			
Rabun	1.87	8.90	8.19	55.27			
Stephens	2.26	16.40	17.90	100.03			
Towns	1.90	19.93	18.59	41.99			
Union	1.41	12.42	12.51	47.46			
Walker	1.77	11.28	11.71	45.37			
White	2.23	9.24	9.49	67.20			
Whitfield	2.51	19.11	16.40	44.10			
Total	.38	2.90	2.93	10.78			

^aSampling error of breakdowns of county and unit totals may be computed with the following formula:

$$E = \frac{(SE) \sqrt{(Specified volume or area)}}{\sqrt{(Volume or area total in question)}}$$

Where: E = Sampling error of the volume or area total in question

SE = Specified sampling error in table.

bBy random-sampling formula (in percent).

Definitions of Terms

Allowable cut. The volume of timber that could be cut on timberland during a given period under specified management plans aimed at sustained production of timber products.

Basal area. The area in square feet of the cross section at breast height of a single tree or of all the trees in a stand, usually expressed as square feet of basal area per acre.

Biomass. The aboveground green weight of solid wood and bark in live trees 1.0 inch d.b.h. and larger from the ground to the tip of the tree. All foliage is excluded. The weight of wood and bark in lateral limbs, secondary limbs, and twigs under 0.5 inch in diameter at the point of occurrence on sapling-size trees is included but is excluded on poletimber and sawtimber-size trees.

Bole. That portion of a tree between a 1-foot stump and a 4-inch top diameter outside bark (d.o.b.) in trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and larger.

Broad management class. A classification of timberland based on forest type and stand origin.

Pine plantation. Stands that have been artificially regenerated by planting or direct seeding and with a southern yellow pine, white pine-hemlock, or other softwood forest type.

Natural pine. Stands that have not been artificially regenerated and with a southern yellow pine, white pine-hemlock, or other softwood forest type.

Oak-pine. Stands with a forest type of oak-pine.

<u>Upland hardwood</u>. Stands with a forest type of oak-hickory, chestnut oak, southern scrub oak, or maple-beechbirch.

Lowland hardwood. Stands with a forest type of oak-gum-cypress, elm-ash-cottonwood, palm, or other tropical.

Bureau of Land Management lands. Federal lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management.

Census water. Streams, sloughs, estuaries, canals, and other moving bodies of water one-eighth of a statute mile in width and greater, and lakes, reservoirs, ponds, and other permanent bodies of water 40 acres in area and greater.

Commercial forest land. (see: Timber-land).

Commercial species. Tree species conventionally regarded as being able to develop into trees suitable for the manufacture of industrial timber products. Species that typically exhibit small size, poor form, or inferior quality are excluded.

Cropland. Land under cultivation within the past 24 months, including orchards and land in soil-improving crops but excluding land cultivated in developing improved pasture. Also includes idle farmland.

D.b.h. Tree diameter (outside bark) at breast height (4.5 feet above the ground).

Diameter class. A classification of trees based on tree d.b.h. Two-inch diameter classes are commonly used by Forest Inventory and Analysis, with the even inch as the approximate midpoint for a class. For example, the 6-inch class includes trees 5.0 through 6.9 inches d.b.h.

Farm. Land on which agricultural operations are being conducted and sale of agricultural products totaled \$1,000 or more during the year.

Farm operator. A person who operates a farm, either doing the work or directly supervising the work.

Farmer-owned land. (see: Other private land).

Forest industry land. Land owned by companies or individuals operating woodusing plants.

Forest industry-leased land. Land leased or under management contracts to forest industry from other owners for periods of one forest rotation or longer. Land under cutting contracts is not included.

Forest land. Land at least 16.7 percent stocked by forest trees of any size, or formerly having had such tree cover, and not currently developed for nonforest use.

Forest type. A classification of forest land based on the species forming a plurality of live-tree stocking.

White pine-hemlock. Forests in which eastern white pine, red pine, or jack pine, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include hemlock, birch, and maple.)

Spruce-fir. Forests in which spruce or true firs, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include maple, birch, and hemlock.)

Longleaf-slash pine. Forests in which longleaf or slash pine, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include oak, hickory, and gum.)

Loblolly-shortleaf pine. Forests in which loblolly pine, shortleaf pine, or other southern yellow pines, except longleaf or slash pine, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include oak, hickory, and gum.)

Oak-pine. Forests in which hardwoods (usually upland oaks) constitute a plurality of the stocking but in which pines account for 25 to 50 percent of the stocking. (Common associates include gum, hickory, and yellow-poplar.)

Oak-hickory. Forests in which upland oaks or hickory, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking, except where pines account for 25 to 50 percent, in which case the stand would be classified oak-pine. (Common associates include yellow-poplar, elm, maple, and black walnut.)

Oak-gum-cypress. Bottom-land forests in which tupelo, blackgum, sweetgum, oaks, or southern cypress, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking, except where pines account for 25 to 50 percent, in which case the stand would be classified oak-pine. (Common associates include cottonwood, willow, ash, elm, hack-berry, and maple.)

Elm-ash-cottonwood. Forests in which elm, ash, or cottonwood, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include willow, sycamore, beech, and maple.)

Maple-beech-birch. Forests in which maple, beech, or yellow birch, singly or in combination, constitute a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include hemlock, elm, basswood, and white pine.)

Palm, other tropical. Forests in which palms and other tropicals constitute a plurality of the stocking.

Gross growth. Annual increase in merchantable volume of trees in the absence of cutting and mortality. (Gross growth includes survivor growth, ingrowth, growth on ingrowth, growth on removals prior to removal, and growth on mortality prior to death.)

Growing-stock trees. Live sawtimber-size trees of commercial species containing at least a 12-foot log, or two noncontiguous saw logs each 8 feet or longer, meeting minimum grade requirements (hardwoods must qualify as a log grade of either 3 or 4; softwoods must qualify as a log grade 3) with at least one-third of the gross board-foot volume (International 1/4-inch rule) between a 1-foot stump and the minimum saw-log top being sound, or a live tree below sawtimber size that will prospectively qualify under the above standards.

Desirable tree. A tree that qualifies as growing stock and has no serious defects in quality limiting present or prospective use; is of relatively high vigor (30 percent or more live crown ratio); is compatible with the site and

physiographic class; has a total boardfoot loss not to exceed 15 percent in softwoods or 25 percent in hardwoods as a result of severe sweep, crook, or lean; and has a relatively clear bole.

Acceptable tree. A tree that qualifies as growing stock but does not meet the minimum requirements to qualify as a desirable tree. Included are sawtimbersize trees that do not contain a 12-foot saw log because of excessive, natural taper in the butt log but have the potential to produce a 12-foot saw log as diameter increases.

Growing-stock volume. Volume (cubic feet) of solid wood in growing-stock trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and larger, from a 1-foot stump to a minimum 4.0-inch top diameter, outside bark, on the central stem. Volume of solid wood in primary forks from the point of occurrence to a minimum 4.0-inch top diameter outside bark is included.

Hardwoods. Angiosperms; dicotyledonous trees (including all palm species which are monocotyledonous), usually broadleaf and deciduous.

Soft hardwoods. Soft-textured hard-woods such as boxelder, red and silver maples, hackberry, loblolly-bay, sweetgum, yellow-poplar, magnolia, sweetbay, water tupelo, blackgum, sycamore, cottonwood, black cherry, willow, basswood, and elm.

Hard hardwoods. Hard-textured hard-woods such as sugar maple, birch, hickory, dogwood, persimmon (forest grown), black locust, beech, ash, honeylocust, holly, black walnut, mulberry, and all commercial oaks.

Idle farmland. Land including former cropland, orchard, improved pasture, and farm sites not tended within the past 2 years, and currently less than 16.7 percent stocked with live trees.

Improved pasture. Land currently improved for grazing by cultivation, seeding, irrigation, or clearing of trees or brush.

Indian land. All lands held in trust by the United States for individual Indians or tribes, or all lands, titles to which are held by individual Indians or tribes, subject to Federal restrictions against alienation.

Industrial wood. All roundwood products except fuelwood.

Ingrowth. The number or net volume of trees that grow large enough during a specified year to qualify as saplings, poletimber, or sawtimber.

Inhibiting vegetation. Cover sufficiently dense to prevent the establishment of tree seedlings.

Land area. The area of dry land and land temporarily or partly covered by water such as marshes, swamps, and river flood-plains (omitting tidal flats below mean high tide), streams, sloughs, estuaries, and canals less than one-eighth of a statute mile in width, and lakes, reservoirs, and ponds less than 40 acres in area.

Live trees. All trees 1.0 inch d.b.h. and larger which are not dead at the time of inventory.

Live-tree volume. Volume (cubic feet) of wood above the ground line in live trees 1.0 inch d.b.h. and larger. The volume in twigs and lateral limbs smaller than 0.5 inch in diameter at the point of occurrence on sapling-size trees is included but is excluded on poletimber and sawtimber-size trees.

Log grade. A classification of logs based on external characteristics as indicators of quality or value.

Logging residues. The unused merchantable portion of growing-stock trees cut or destroyed during logging operations.

Logging slash. The unmerchantable portion of growing-stock trees (including saplings) plus all cull trees 1.0 inch d.b.h. and larger cut or destroyed during logging operations and not used.

Manageable stand. Timberland at least 60 percent stocked with growing-stock trees that can be featured together under a management scheme.

Merchantable portion. That portion of live trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and larger between a 1-foot stump and a minimum 4.0-inch top diameter outside bark on the central stem. That portion of primary forks from the point of occurrence to a minimum 4.0-inch top diameter outside bark is included.

Merchantable volume. Solid-wood volume in merchantable portion of live trees.

Miscellaneous Federal land. Federal land other than national forests, land administered by the Bureau of Land Management, and land administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Miscellaneous private land. (see: Other private land).

Mortality. The merchantable volume in trees that have died from natural causes during a specified period.

National forest land. Federal land that has been legally designated as national forests or purchase units, and other land under the administration of the Forest Service, including experimental areas and Bankhead-Jones Title III land.

Net annual growth. The net change in merchantable volume for a specific year in the absence of cutting (gross growth minus mortality for that specified year).

Net volume. Gross volume of wood less deductions for rot, sweep, or other defect affecting use for timber products.

Noncommercial species. Tree species of typically small size, poor form, or inferior quality which normally do not develop into trees suitable for industrial wood products.

Nonforest land. Land that has never supported forests and land formerly forested where timber production is precluded by development for other uses. Nonindustrial private forest (NIPF) land. (see: Other private land).

Nonstocked forest land. Timberland less than 16.7 percent stocked with growing-stock trees.

Other private land. Privately owned land excluding forest industry land or forest industry-leased land. Also referred to as nonindustrial private forest (NIPF) land.

<u>Farmer-owned land</u>. Owned by farm operators, excluding incorporated farm ownerships.

Other individual land. Owned by individuals other than farm operators.

Other corporate land. Owned by corporations, including incorporated farm ownerships.

Other removals. The growing-stock volume of trees removed from the inventory by cultural operations such as timber stand improvement, land clearing, and other changes in land use that result in the removal of the trees from the timberland.

Plant residues. Wood material generated in the production of timber products at primary manufacturing plants.

Coarse residues. Material, such as slabs, edgings, trim, veneer cores and ends, which is suitable for chipping.

Fine residues. Material, such as sawdust, shavings, and veneer chippings, which is not suitable for chipping.

<u>Plant byproducts</u>. Residues (coarse or fine) utilized in the further manufacture of industrial products or for consumer use, or utilized as fuel.

 $\frac{\text{Unused plant residues}}{(\text{coarse or fine})}. \text{ Residues}$ for any product, including fuel.

Poletimber-size trees. Live trees at least 5.0 inches d.b.h. but smaller than sawtimber size.

Productive-reserved forest land. (see: Reserved timberland).

Quality class. A classification of sawtimber volume by log or tree grades.

Rangeland. Land on which the natural vegetation is predominantly native grasses, grasslike plants, forbs, or shrubs valuable for forage, not qualifying as timberland and not developed for another land use. Rangeland includes natural grassland and savannah.

Reserved timberland. Forest land sufficiently productive to qualify as timberland, but withdrawn from timber utilization through statute or administrative designation.

Rotten trees. Live trees of commercial species that do not contain at least one 12-foot saw log, or two noncontiguous saw logs, each 8 feet or longer, now or prospectively, primarily because of rot or missing sections, and with less than one-third of the gross board-foot tree volume in sound material.

Rough trees. Live trees of commercial species that do not contain at least one 12-foot saw log, or two noncontiguous saw logs, each 8 feet or longer, now or prospectively, primarily because of roughness, poor form, splits, and cracks, and with less than one-third of the gross board-foot tree volume in sound material; and live trees of noncommercial species.

Roundwood (roundwood logs). Logs, bolts, or other round sections cut from trees for industrial or consumer uses.

Roundwood chipped. Any timber cut primarily for pulpwood, delivered to non-pulpmills, chipped, and then sold to pulpmills as residues, including chipped tops, jump sections, whole trees, and pulpwood sticks.

Roundwood products. Any primary product such as lumber, poles, pilings, pulp, or fuelwood which is produced from roundwood.

Salvable dead trees. Standing or down dead trees considered utilizable by Forest Inventory and Analysis standards.

Saplings. Live trees 1.0 to 5.0 inches d.b.h.

Saw log. A log meeting minimum standards of diameter, length, and defect, including logs at least 8 feet long, sound and straight, and with a minimum diameter inside bark for softwoods of 6 inches (8 inches for hardwoods).

Saw-log portion. That part of the bole of sawtimber trees between a 1-foot stump and the saw-log top, including the portion of forks large enough to contain a saw log.

Saw-log top. The point on the bole of sawtimber trees above which a conventional saw log cannot be produced. The minimum saw-log top is 7.0 inches in diameter outside bark (d.o.b.) for softwoods and 9.0 inches (d.o.b.) for hardwoods.

Sawtimber-size trees. Softwoods 9.0 inches d.b.h. and larger and hardwoods 11.0 inches d.b.h. and larger.

Sawtimber volume. Growing-stock volume in the saw-log portion of sawtimber-size trees in board feet (International 1/4-inch rule).

Seedlings. Live trees of commercial species less than 1.0 inch d.b.h. that are expected to survive and develop.

Site class. A classification of forest land in terms of inherent capacity to grow crops of industrial wood based on fully stocked natural stands, by annual production capacity.

Class 1. 165 or more cubic feet per acre.

Class 2. 120 to 164 cubic feet per acre.

Class 3. 85 to 119 cubic feet per acre.

Class 4. 50 to 84 cubic feet per acre.

Class 5. 20 to 49 cubic feet per acre.

Softwoods. Gymnosperms; in the order Coniferales, usually evergreen (includes

the genus <u>Taxodium</u> which is deciduous), having needles or scalelike leaves.

<u>Pines</u>. Yellow pine species which include loblolly, longleaf, slash, pond, shortleaf, pitch, Virginia, sand, spruce, and Table Mountain pines.

Other softwoods. Cypress, eastern redcedar, white cedar, eastern white pine, eastern hemlock, spruce, and fir.

Stand-size class. A classification of forest land based on the diameter class distribution of growing-stock trees in the stand.

Sawtimber stands. Stands at least 16.7 percent stocked with growing-stock trees, with half or more of total stocking in sawtimber and poletimber trees, and with sawtimber stocking at least equal to poletimber stocking.

Poletimber stands. Stands at least 16.7 percent stocked with growing-stock trees of which half or more of total stocking is in poletimber and sawtimber trees, and with poletimber stocking exceeding that of sawtimber.

Sapling-seedling stands. Stands at least 16.7 percent stocked with growing-stock trees of which more than half of total stocking is saplings and seedlings.

State, county, and municipal land. Land owned by States, counties, and local public agencies or municipalities, or land leased to these governmental units for 50 years or more.

Stocking. The degree of occupancy of land by trees, measured by basal area or the number of trees in a stand and spacing in the stand, compared with a minimum standard, depending on tree size, required to fully utilize the growth potential of the land.

<u>Fully stocked</u>. 100 percent or more stocking.

Medium stocked. 60 to 99 percent stocking.

<u>Poorly stocked</u>. Less than 60 percent stocking.

Survivor growth. The merchantable volume increment on trees 5.0 inches d.b.h. and larger in the inventory at the beginning of the year and surviving to its end.

Timberland. Land at least 16.7 percent stocked by forest trees of any size, or formerly having had such tree cover, not currently developed for nonforest use, capable of producing 20 cubic feet of industrial wood per acre per year and not withdrawn from timber utilization by legislative action.

Timber products. Roundwood products and byproducts.

Timber removals. The merchantable volume of trees removed from the inventory by harvesting, cultural operations such as stand improvement, land clearing, or changes in land use.

Top. The portion of the main stem and forks from a 4.0-inch diameter outside bark to the tips of the main stem and forks, plus all other limbs above the 4.0-inch top at least 0.5 inch in diameter at their point of occurrence.

Treatment opportunity. A classification of the management or treatment that would most improve for timber production the existing condition of the stand being sampled.

Tree grade. A classification of sawtimber trees based on the log grade of the butt log in the tree.

Unproductive forest land. (see: Woodland).

Upper-stem portion. That part of the main stem or fork of sawtimber trees above the saw-log top to minimum top diameter 4.0 inches outside bark or to the point where the main stem or fork breaks into limbs.

Urban and other areas. Areas developed for residential, industrial, or recreational purposes, school yards, cemeteries, roads, railroads, airports, beaches, powerlines and other rights-of-way, or other nonforest land not included in any other specified land use class.

Woodland. Forest land incapable of producing 20 cubic feet per acre per year of industrial wood under natural conditions, because of adverse site conditions.

Stocking Standard

D.b.h. class	Minimum number of trees per acre for full stocking	Minimum basal area per acre for full stocking
Seedlings	600	
2	560	
4	460	
6	340	67
8	240	84
10	155	85
12	115	90
14	90	96
16	72	101
18	60	106
20	51	111

Conversion factors

Cubic feet of wood per average cord (excluding bark)

D.b.h. class	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Hardwood
6	60.5	61.0	68.2	60.0
8	68.5	68.1	76.0	68.4
10	73.4	73.1	81.4	73.4
12	76.8	76.7	85.2	76.4
14	79.0	79.4	88.2	78.4
16	80.7	81.6	90.4	79.8
18	82.3	83.3	92.3	80.8
20	83.1	84.8	93.8	81.5
22	84.4	86.0	95.1	82.1
24+	86.3	87.8	97.3	82.9
Average	74.6	72.8	89.1	74.5

Metric equivalents of units used in this report

 $^{1 \}text{ acre} = 4,046.86 \text{ square meters or } 0.404686 \text{ hectare}$

¹ cubic foot = 0.028317 cubic meter

¹ inch = 2.54 centimeters or 0.0254 meter

Breast height (4.5 feet) = 1.4 meters above ground level

¹ square foot = 929.03 square centimeters or 0.0929 square meter

¹ square foot per acre basal area = 0.229568 square meter per hectare

¹ pound = 0.454 kilogram

 $^{1 \}text{ ton} = 0.907 \text{ metric ton}$

County Tables

whole, individual county estimates have limited and varivarious subdivisions, items are intended for use in compiling forest resource nseq for smallest the formula on page data sampling procedure inventory error increases and is greatest for the increase can be computed with the formula the Forest Survey was intended primarily to furnish As county totals are broken down by the Because for groups of counties. possibility of error ir order of this increase tables county survey unit as able accuracy. estimates the The

1989 Georgia, North class, land and county bу 1.--Area, Table

	A11		For	orest land		Nonforest
County	landa	Total	Timberland	Woodland	Reserved timberland	land ^b
	and the state of t			Acres		
Bartow	291,917	193,361		!	1	98,556
Catoosa	103,930	50,8	47,72	!	3,145	53,056
Chattooga	`00	43,7		1	1	56,851
Cherokee	71,	<+		1	i	79,923
Dade	12,	∞	•	!	972	33,578
Dawson	34,	11,3	•	!	1	23,044
Fannin	45,	11,1	•	1	33,194	34,690
Flovd	31	04,3		ľ	!!	127,605
Gilmer	273,530	242,326	231,727	I	10,599	31,204
Gordon	27,	26,8		1	!	100,323
Habersham	78,	24,5		1	•	53,805
Lumpkin	83,	59,6	•	!	1,528	۲,
Murray	20,	63,0	•	!	Τ,	₹,
Pickens	, 48,	18,1	. •	i i	!	ωĺ
Rabun	37,	08,4	•	!	12,176	5,
Stephens	13,	9	. •	1	216	۲,
Towns	05,	∞	•	1	16,905	ð,
Union	04,	60,9	•	1	•	∞
Walker	285,421	184,508		!	1,749	100,913
White	54,	22,9	•	!	•	٠,
Whitfield	86,	9+	•	1	1	0,
Total	4,211,222	3,062,241	2,952,966	# 1	109,275	1,148,981
α						

^aFrom U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1980.

classificaarea of according to Forest Survey standards as land. 841 acres of water according to defined by the Bureau of Census of water 841 b_{Includes} but tion,

Table 2.--Area of timberland, by county and ownership class, North Georgia, 1989

	A11	Ownership class								
County	ownerships	National	Miscellaneous	State	County and	Forest		Other priva		
		forest	Federal		municipal	industry ^a	Farmer	Corporate	Individual	
Bartow	193,361		7,812	200	Acres	20 507	/2.100	07.700	(1, (6)	
	·		·	200	262	39,597	43,108	37,720	64,662	
Catoosa	47,729	6	1,538		125	3,404		6,094	36,562	
Chattooga	143,719	20,712		204	10	17,531	21,052	10,526	73,684	
Cherokee	191,418		9,496	10	434	41,061	4,681	32,764	102,972	
Dade	77,879			1,559	115	10,634	17,883	5,961	41,727	
Dawson	111,375	6,921	1,199	5,747	10,061	8,701	4,632	9,264	64,850	
Fannin	178,004	72,829	306		80	392	43,957	5,495	54,945	
Floyd	204,337	6,618		712	355	26,773	37,751	28,313	103,815	
Gilmer	231,727	44,168	3,805		35	13,124	23,694	37,910	108,991	
Gordon	126,858	8,070	56	25	145	29,100	19,880		69,582	
Habersham	120,690	36,433		124	47	2,592	4,527	13,582	63,385	
Lumpkin	158,088	55,129	223	640	56	7,514	19,693	11,816	63,017	
Murray	156,942	44,598	1,178	1,912	8,202	23,504	6,462	6,462	64,624	
Pickens	118,158			2	148	20,044	15,468	25,780	56,716	
Rabun	196,279	135,448		1,318	70		3,302	23,117	33,024	
Stephens	77,406	21,923	1,140		518	2,835	22,662	11,331	16,997	
Towns	71,965	40,093	335	14	30	217			31,276	
Union	151,196	87,577	815	487	60	3,060	10,763	5,382	43,052	
Walker	182,759	18,475		13,462	143	6,084	43,817	26,290	74,488	
White	113,616	32,773		981	69	624	4,167	12,500	62,502	
Whitfield	99,460	11,765	8	10	1,238	12,386		14,811	59,242	
Total	2,952,966	643,538	27,911	27,407	22,203	269,177	347,499	325,118	1,290,113	

^aIncludes 11,801 acres of other private land under long-term lease.

Table 3.--Area of timberland, by county and forest-type group, North Georgia, 1989

		Forest-type group								
County	All type groups	White pine- hemlock	Spruce- fir	Longleaf- slash	Loblolly- shortleaf	Oak- pine	Oak- hickory	Oak-gum- cypress	Elm-ash- cottonwood	Maple-beech- birch
					Acres					
Bartow	193,361				86,548	53,885	52,928		****	
Catoosa	47,729				9,622		36,569	1,538	****	
Chattooga	143,719				40,761	25,606	77,352		****	
Cherokee	191,418				76,930	34,896	74,912		4,680	
Dade	77,879				13,596	9,506	48,816		5,961	
Dawson	111,375				21,401	36,893	53,081			
Fannin	178,004	4,855			32,635	20,701	119,813		***	
Floyd	204,337				87,532	9,437	97,930	dicci nime	9,438	
Gilmer	231,727	9,478	-		25,556	63,590	128,364	****	4,739	
Gordon	126,858				44,781	32,184	39,953	9,940	-	
Habersham	120,690		***		25,230	29,920	65· , 540			
Lumpkin	158,088	10,829			34,278	40,647	72,334		***	
Murray	156,942	6,463			64,450	21,844	64,185			
Pickens	118,158				36,236	25,418	56,504			
Rabun	196,279	29,446			31,549	48,544	86,740			
Stephens	77,406				29,119	12,471	35,816	***	****	
Towns	71,965				15,683	10,760	45,522	****	***	
Union	151,196	9,731			35,649	20,553	85,263	mania appara		
Walker	182,759				49,979	22,382	110,398	***		
White	113,616	3,642	-		28,643	28,187	48,977		4,167	
Whitfield	99,460				48,193	5,890	45,377			
Total	2,952,966	74,444			838,371	553,314	1,446,374	11,478	28,985	

Table 4.--Area of timberland, by county and stand-size class, North Georgia, 1989

	A11	Sta	Stand-size class					
County	stands	Sawtimber	Poletimber	Sapling- seedling	Nonstocked areas			
			Acres					
Bartow	193,361	76,747	44,853	71,761				
Catoosa	47,729	19,826	15,591	12,312				
Chattooga	143,719	38,389	45,051	57,917	2,362			
Cherokee	191,418	117,179	60,197	14,042				
Dade	77,879	30,933	34,909	6,076	5,961			
Dawson	111,375	55,954	37,456	17,965				
Fannin	178,004	123,307	38,215	16,482				
Floyd	204,337	96,926	61,000	41,692	4,719			
Gilmer	231,727	132,934	82,546	16,247				
Gordon	126,858	38,034	39,441	49,383	400p STILL			
Habersham	120,690	60,935	29,756	29,999				
Lumpkin	158,088	107,594	19,512	27,044	3,938			
Murray	156,942	94,845	32,861	29,236	-			
Pickens	118,158	56,646	36,092	25,420	200 000			
Rabun	196,279	140,460	38,082	17,737	### CHES			
Stephens	77,406	29,742	27,047	20,617	UNION 40100			
Towns	71,965	51,487	13,498	6,980				
Union	151,196	107,406	8,214	35,576				
Walker	182 , 759	100,234	44,674	37,851	som viene			
White	113,616	64,634	44,359	4,623	****			
Whitfield	99,460	44,714	19,748	30,061	4,937			
Total	2,952,966	1,588,926	773,102	569,021	21,917			

Table 5.--Area of timberland, by county and site class, North Georgia, 1989

	A11	Si	Site class (cubic feet per acre per year)							
County	classes	>164	120-164	85-119	50-84	20-49				
Bartow	193,361	5,389	5,388	27,706	144,101	10,777				
Catoosa	47,729	***************************************	1,538	9,498	24,505	12,188				
Chattooga	143,719	-		11,077	132,642					
Cherokee	191,418		4,680	80,139	99,785	6,814				
Dade	77,879		5,961	21,427	42,971	7,520				
Dawson	111,375		9,264	38,783	63,328					
Fannin	178,004	14,872	16,484	10,351	131,050	5,247				
Floyd	204,337	-		34,932	157,602	11,803				
Gilmer	231,727	33,340	4,739	65,680	118,490	9,478				
Gordon	126,858	2,420	9,940	2,363	87,527	24,608				
Habersham	120,690		9,055	27,842	83,793					
Lumpkin	158,088	25,598	3,938	57,149	71,403					
Murray	156,942	5,637	-	17,384	119,625	14,296				
Pickens	118,158	5,156	15,106	25,928	66,812	5,156				
Rabun	196,279	24,272	20,969	26,306	109,652	15,080				
Stephens	77,406	and man	5,666	35,406	36,334	, <u> </u>				
Towns	71,965	8,486		24,490	25,490	13,499				
Union	151,196	5,681	15,112	40,989	89,414					
Walker	182,759		4,381	26,291	95,670	56,417				
White	113,616	3,642	25,000	23,950	49,575	11,449				
Whitfield	99,460		-	13,942	80,581	4,937				
Total	2,952,966	134,493	157,221	621,633	1,830,350	209,269				

Table 6.--Area of timberland, by county and stocking class of growing-stock trees, North Georgia, 1989

Gauge tur	A11		Stocking class (percent) ^a						
County	classes	>130	100-130	60-99	16.7-59	<16.7			
			Acr	es					
Bartow	193,361	19,894	62,908	85,539	25,020				
Catoosa	47,729	,	15,716	25,920	6,093				
Chattooga	143,719		54,293	65,808	21,256	2,362			
Cherokee	191,418	9,795	81,360	81,541	18,722	,			
Dade	77,879		15,582	50,375	5,961	5,961			
Dawson	111,375	4,632	18,528	55,556	32,659	´			
Fannin	178,004	4,855	37,186	108,490	27,473	these despis			
Floyd	204,337	9,438	54,196	112,390	23,594	4,719			
Gilmer	231,727	9,646	54,326	127,687	40,068	,			
Gordon	126,858	12,304	26,627	83,200	4,727				
Habersham	120,690	4,527	51,830	55 , 277	9,056				
Lumpkin	158,088	18,705	36,651	86,978	11,816	3,938			
Murray	156,942	17,384	38,234	81,481	19,843	,			
Pickens	118,158	148	30,936	61,294	25,780	need make			
Rabun	196,279	5,889	73,604	104,292	12,494	*****			
Stephens	77,406	-	37,474	31,432	8,500	-			
Towns	71,965	8,486	8,852	32,425	22,202				
Union	151,196		50,719	90,230	10,247				
Walker	182,759	4,381	63,120	102,113	13,145				
White	113,616	11,974	57,287	32,382	11,973				
Whitfield	99,460	4,060	36,758	48,768	4,937	4,937			
Total	2,952,966	146,118	906,187	1,523,178	355,566	21,917			

 $^{^{\}mathrm{a}}$ See stocking standards on page 11.

Table 7.--Volume of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland, by county and species group, North Georgia, 1989

			ock	Sawtimber						
County	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood
		Tho	usand cubic	feet ^a			Tho	usand board	feet	
Bartow	249,639	146,487		20,687	82,465	728,129	440,140		64,039	223,950
Catoosa	63,353	9,227		17,120	37,006	198,803	45,165		47,656	105,982
Chattooga	141,930	49,224		28,893	63,813	398,289	156,146		82,574	159,569
Cherokee	348,572	155,678		84,924	107,970	1,099,125	560,043		223,028	316,054
Dade	115,375	15,663	2,624	31,381	65,707	286,886	40,260	6,367	55,790	184,469
Dawson	190,640	79,238	1,725	27,262	82,415	504,263	193,438	3,204	61,486	246,135
Fannin	323,869	63,276	35,246	36,352	188,995	1,032,744	190,219	170,833	82,361	589,331
Floyd	284,648	154,131		21,602	108,915	842,135	605,450		36,894	199,791
Gilmer	405,424	70,321	38,681	103,170	193,252	1,259,741	184,283	198,212	304,953	572,293
Gordon	149,846	91,912		9,419	48,515	359,127	191,295		17,109	150,723
Habersham	220,260	70,904	6,708	38,177	104,471	655,759	232,715	33,530	98,536	290,978
Lumpkin	291,867	89,667	36,004	38,014	128,182	940,751	251,156	170,552	104,150	414,893
Murray	240,977	86,267	21,104	24,974	108,632	658,767	233,022	95,259	42,796	287,690
Pickens	149,270	55,696		27,818	65,756	428,997	153,033		82,750	193,214
Rabun	433,672	97,949	102,442	64,864	168,417	1,529,623	347,497	535,504	154,417	492,205
Stephens	142,838	68,924		16,598	57,316	399,753	190,869		39,727	169,157
Towns	126,500	45,531	3,153	23,736	54,080	415,510	134,084	16,216	58,802	206,408
Union	298,213	67,383	24,846	40,004	165,980	1,023,400	208,425	126,345	101,983	586,647
Walker	241,331	69,869	463	29,750	141,249	682,992	212,338		84,957	385,697
White	268,871	97,344	7,103	61,686	102,738	755,311	218,109	36,750	205,425	295,027
Whitfield	141,930	55,976		27,185	58,769	449,334	200,505		71,125	177,704
Total	4,829,025	1,640,667	280,099	773,616	2,134,643	14,649,439		1,392,772	2,020,558	6,247,917

^aFactors for converting to cords are shown on page 11.

Table 8.--Average net annual growth of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland, by county and species group, North Georgia, 1983-1988

		Growing stock					Sawtimber			
County	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood
		Thou	sand cubic f	eet			Th	ousand board	l feet	
Bartow	7,845	4,963		721	2,161	30,684	20,113		1,721	8,850
Catoosa	1,300	215		314	771	6,580	1,721	ara ****	2,553	2,306
Chattooga	4,713	1,540		1,221	1,952	19,215	7,025		3,300	8,890
Cherokee	12,333	6,074		2,816	3,443	50,724	27,032		9,828	13,864
Dade	3,325	652	188	1,283	1,202	11,570	2,134	403	4,830	4,203
Dawson	6,278	2,861	89	1,024	2,304	31,703	18,184	268	5,519	7,732
Fannin	8,043	2,112	961	886	4,084	33,941	9,559	6,106	2,118	16,158
Floyd	8,797	4,452		931	3,414	41,008	27,402		1,742	11,864
Gilmer	11,596	2,392	1,449	3,436	4,319	46,804	9,388	7,763	13,601	16,052
Gordon	7,387	5,645		431	1,311	18,358	13,278		786	4,294
Habersham	7,079	2,180	225	1,579	3,095	37,026	10,801	1,440	8,056	16,729
Lumpkin	7,866	2,819	1,240	1,079	2,728	37,725	14,407	7,414	3,915	11,989
Murray	7,791	3,816	797	770	2,408	30,303	13,159	3,080	2,606	11,458
Pickens	5,392	2,851		999	1,542	20,327	12,239		3,560	4,528
Rabun	10,931	1,659	3,001	2,178	4,093	48,532	11,133	17,781	5,728	13,890
Stephens	3,590	1,749		459	1,382	18,166	8,347		2,343	7,476
Towns	3,062	1,132	109	829	992	11,211	4,534	378	2,334	3,965
Union	6,560	1,529	906	1,111	3,014	27,175	8,203	4,125	3,165	11,682
Walker	7,485	2,735	113	977	3,660	26,773	12,517		2,790	11,466
White	6,910	2,833	145	1,542	2,390	29,520	14,089	928	7,571	6,932
Whitfield	3,520	1,728		665	1,127	19,845	12,522		1,455	5,868
Total	141,803	55,937	9,223	25,251	51,392	597,190	257,787	49,686	89,521	200,196

Table 9.--Average annual removals of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland, by county and species group, North Georgia, 1983-1988

		Growing stock						Sawtimber			
County	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	
		Thou	sand cubic f	eet			Th	ousand board	l feet		
Bartow	9,969	8,822		424	723	28,253	24,381	***	1,655	2,217	
Catoosa	2,501	855		337	1,309	6,511	3,434			3,077	
Chattooga	7,468	4,436		306	2,726	20,487	11,248		821	8,418	
Cherokee	10,280	8,279		170	1,831	39,220	34,255	****	782	4,183	
Dade	908			279	629	4,545			1,681	2,864	
Dawson	124			124				***			
Fannin	5,490	2,850	1,133	342	1,165	15,526	4,084	6,594		4,848	
Floyd	11,231	8,997		460	1,774	34,818	28,067		2,289	4,462	
Gilmer	8,514	379	1,240	3,448	3,447	29,413	780	6,323	11,552	10,758	
Gordon	6,473	4,824		136	1,513	11,204	11,204				
Habersham	5,932	5,183			749	23,647	20,673			2,974	
Lumpkin	7,316	5,258		457	1,601	22,898	14,056		3,143	5,699	
Murray	7,073	6,582		173	318	22,764	22,031	***	733		
Pickens	10,220	6,534	840	1,568	1,278	42,211	26,664	5,071	5,855	4,621	
Rabun	3,419	650	185	1,214	1,370	12,187	1,664	1,237	3,858	5,428	
Stephens	1,187	1,187				4,901	4,901		1000 4000	***	
Towns	8,630	3,105		1,346	4,179	25,393	10,243		4,541	10,609	
Union	9,345	374	1,599	1,993	5,379	29,961	1,648	9,924	5,855	12,534	
Walker	4,019	3,024	119	309	567	9,390	6,944	459	840	1,147	
White	952	765		****	187	2,926	2,926		-		
Whitfield	10,614	9,006		951	657	35,397	32,536	***	2,272	589	
Total	131,665	81,110	5,116	14,037	31,402	421,652	261,739	29,608	45,877	84,428	

Jnit Tables

Table 10.--Area of timberland, by forest type and ownership class, North Georgia, 1989

				Ownership c	lass	
Forest type	All ownerships	National forest	Other public	Forest industry	Forest industry- leased	Other private
			<u> </u>	Acres		
oftwood types						
White pine-hemlock	74,444	54 , 565				19,879
Spruce-fir						*****
Longleaf pine						
Slash pine						
Loblolly pine	372,129	7,836	12,255	117,951	11,801	222,286
Shortleaf pine	124,048	19,512	2,883	6,519	-	95,134
Virginia pine	320,288	38,302	12,675	23,371		245 , 940
Sand pine			,	*****		
Eastern redcedar	5,961				****	5,961
Pond pine					****	´
Spruce pine	***	****	owns room	4000 0000	****	****
Pitch pine	11,778	11,778	-			*****
Table Mountain pine	4,167			449		4,167
Total	912,815	131,993	27,813	147,841	11,801	593,367
ardwood types						
Oak-pine	553,314	142,853	7,004	42,621		360,836
Oak-hickory	1,405,564	360,591	41,166	66,914		936,893
Chestnut oak	40,810	8,101				32,709
Southern scrub oak			****			
Oak-gum-cypress	11,478		1,538			9,940
Elm-ash-cottonwood	28,985					28,985
Maple-beech-birch				*****		
Total	2,040,151	511,545	49,708	109,535		1,369,363
11 types	2,952,966	643,538	77,521	257,376	11,801	1,962,730

Table 11.--Area of timberland, by ownership and stocking classes of growing-stock trees, North Georgia, 1989

	A11	Stocking class (percent) ^a						
Ownership class	classes	>130	100-130	60-99	16.7-59	<16.7		
			<u>A</u>	cres				
National forest	643,538	35,655	191,960	363,298	52,625			
Other public	77,521	844	15,589	50,788	10,300			
Forest industry	257,376	9,891	87,605	131,047	26,471	2,362		
Forest industry-leased	11,801		3,479	8,322				
Other private	1,962,730	99,728	607,554	969,723	266,170	19,555		
All ownerships	2,952,966	146,118	906,187	1,523,178	355,566	21,917		

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ See stocking standards on page 11.

Table 12.--Area of timberland, by forest type and stand-size class, North Georgia, 1989

	. 1.1	Sta	ınd-size clas	S	
Forest type	A11 stands	Sawtimber	Poletimber	Sapling- seedling	Nonstocked areas
			Acres		
Softwood types					
White pine-hemlock	74,444	65,936		8,508	
Spruce-fir	·		****		
Longleaf pine					
Slash pine			****		-
Loblolly pine	372,129	147,763	61,261	158,168	4,937
Shortleaf pine	124,048	83,209	36,311	4,528	-
Virginia pine	320,288	167,328	97,960	55,000	
Sand pine			-		
Eastern redcedar	5,961			5,961	-
Pond pine					ACC 4040
Spruce pine	-				
Pitch pine	11,778	11,778			
Table Mountain pine	4,167		4,167		
Total	912,815	476,014	199,699	232,165	4,937
Hardwood types					
Oak-pine	553,314	280,887	149,635	122,792	
Oak-hickory	1,405,564	790,620	388,281	209,683	16,980
Chestnut oak	40,810	26,301	10,128	4,381	
Southern scrub oak		,		-	
Oak-gum-cypress	11,478	1,538	9,940		
Elm-ash-cottonwood	28,985	13,566	15,419		
Maple-beech-birch					
Total	2,040,151	1,112,912	573,403	336,856	16,980
All types	2,952,966	1,588,926	773,102	569,021	21,917

Table 13.--Area of timberland, by stand-age and broad management classes, all ownerships, North Georgia, 1989

	A 1 1		Broad management class						
Stand-age class (years)	All classes	Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak-pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood			
			Ac	res					
0-10	395,750	119,805	66,993	79,979	128,973				
11-20	245,793	46,771	69,099	59 , 970	60,013	9,940			
21-30	168,617	11,142	32,921	32,767	81,107	10,680			
31-40	423,907	14,633	197,687	98,452	108,396	4,739			
41-50	425,541	-	157,922	69,949	193,503	4,167			
51-60	371,216	***	77,451	77,044	212,041	4,680			
61-70	254,439		54,016	34,545	164,340	1,538			
71-80	198,477	***	37,062	28,131	133,284				
81+	150,839		2,883	23,561	124,395				
No manageable stand	318,387		24,430	48,916	240,322	4,719			
All classes	2,952,966	192,351	720,464	553,314	1,446,374	40,463			

Table 14.--Area of timberland, by stand-age and broad management classes, public ownerships, North Georgia, 1989

0.5	A 7 1	Broad management class						
Stand-age class (years)	All classes	Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak-pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood		
			Acı	res				
0-10	78,915	15,105	16,056	22,842	24,912			
11-20	44,326	·	9,531	21,442	13,353			
21-30	15,679	ana eMit	8,748	,	6,931			
31-40	30,380	****	9,603	9,032	11,745			
41-50	60,929	****	10,744	18,842	31,343			
51-60	133,460		17,919	35,263	80,278			
61-70	118,406		43,336	5,889	67,643	1,538		
71-80	103,180		25,881	11,756	65,543			
81+	87,734		2,883	14,869	69,982			
o manageable stand	48,050			9,922	38,128			
All classes	721,059	15,105	144,701	149,857	409,858	1,538		

Table 15.--Area of timberland, by stand-age and broad management classes, forest industry, a North Georgia, 1989

	411	Broad management class						
Stand-age class (years)	All classes	Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak-pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood		
			Ac	res				
0-10	79,893	64,177	3,404	12,312				
11-20	65,888	41,383	5,424	15,225	3,856			
21-30	28,354	11,142	10,398		6,814			
31-40	34,123	6,949	11,350	5,907	9,917			
41-50	30,435		3,052	6,814	20,569			
51-60	9,452		2,363	2,363	4,726			
61-70					·			
71-80	3,467			****	3,467			
81+	9,950		Arma From		9,950			
No manageable stand	7,615				7,615			
All classes	269,177	123,651	35,991	42,621	66,914			

^aIncludes 11,801 acres of other private land under long-term lease.

Table 16.--Area of timberland, by stand-age and broad management classes, other private ownerships, a North Georgia, 1989

Stand-ass along	All classes		Broad management class						
Stand-age class (years)		Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak-pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood			
			Acı	res					
0-10	236,942	40,523	47,533	44,825	104,061	-			
11-20	135,579	5,388	54,144	23,303	42,804	9,940			
21-30	124,584		13,775	32,767	67,362	10,680			
31-40	359,404	7,684	176,734	83,513	86,734	4,739			
41-50	334,177		144,126	44,293	141,591	4,167			
51-60	228,304		57,169	39,418	127,037	4,680			
61-70	136,033		10,680	28,656	96,697				
71-80	91,830		11,181	16,375	64,274				
81+	53,155		-	8,692	44,463				
No manageable stand	262,722		24,430	38,994	194,579	4,719			
All classes	1,962,730	53,595	539,772	360,836	969,602	38,925			

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ Excludes 11,801 acres of other private land under long-term lease to forest industry.

Table 17.--Area of timberland, by broad management and stand-volume classes, North Georgia, 1989

Broad management	A11	Stand-volume class (cubic feet of growing stock per acre)								
class	classes	0-499	0-499 500-999 10		1500-1999	2000+				
		Acres								
Pine plantation	192,351	144,324	10,987	17,474	5,458	14,108				
Natural pine	720,464	96,511	60,657	47,075	149,389	366,832				
Oak-pine	553,314	106,427	91,259	102,925	89,840	162,863				
Upland hardwood	1,446,374	186,702	236,218	287,993	288,964	446,497				
Lowland hardwood	40,463		9,940	9,438	10,700	10,385				
All classes	2,952,966	533,964	409,061	464,905	544,351	1,000,685				

Table 18.--Volume of growing stock on timberland, by broad management class, species group, and stand-age class, North Georgia, 1989

Broad management class and species group	All classes	No manageable stand	Stand-age class (years)										
			0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81+		
			Thousand cubic feet										
Pine plantation													
Softwood	120,233		3,337	23,761	37,225	55,910							
Hardwood	14,597		2,122	1,238	414	10,823							
Total	134,830		5,459	24,999	37,639	66,733			***				
Natural pine													
Softwood	1,264,816	6,135	6,208	52,727	73,641	423,745	347,596	165,435	113,465	64,882	10,982		
Hardwood	231,941	1,938	1,991	7,841	7,256	51,820	68,403	42,321	29,024	18,535	2,812		
Total	1,496,757	8,073	8,199	60,568	80,897	475,565	415,999	207,756	142,489	83,417	13,794		
Oak-pine													
Softwood	370,405	20,684	6,854	18,346	17,335	89,380	64,376	64,817	23,170	31,613	33,830		
Hardwood	426,960	18,092	10,367	13,232	22,503	103,873	75,013	72,061	34,777	39,055	37,987		
Total	797,365	38,776	17,221	31,578	39,838	193,253	139,389	136,878	57,947	70,668	71,817		
Upland hardwood													
Softwood	157,690	12,905	1,214	4,942	9,028	13,892	41,752	28,672	21,535	11,125	12,625		
Hardwood	2,162,185	174,473	33,797	41,346	57,768	171,619	350,154	414,683	349,617	288,006	280,722		
Total	2,319,875	187,378	35,011	46,288	66,796	185,511	391,906	443,355	371,152	299,131	293,347		
Lowland hardwood													
Softwood	7,622				2,029				5,593				
Hardwood	72,576	5,219		4,501	15,736	8,272	12,023	10,773	16,052				
Total	80,198	5,219		4,501	17,765	8,272	12,023	10,773	21,645				
All types													
Softwood	1,920,766	39,724	17,613	99,776	139,258	582,927	453,724	258,924	163,763	107,620	57,437		
Hardwood	2,908,259	199,722	48,277	68,158	103,677	346,407	505,593	539,838	429,470	345,596	321,521		
Total	4,829,025	239,446	65,890	167,934	242,935	929,334	959,317	798,762	593,233	453,216	378,958		

Table 19.--Average net annual growth of growing stock on timberland, by broad management class, species group, and stand-age class, North Georgia, 1983-1988

Broad management class ^a and species group	A11	No manageable stand	Stand-age class ^a (years)									
	classes		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81+	
			Thousand cubic feet									
Pine plantation												
Softwood	8,983	440-1990	598	4,095	2,777	1,513		***				
Hardwood	671		78	129	96	368						
Total	9,654		676	4,224	2,873	1,881						
Natural pine												
Softwood	38,692	235	466	2,793	3,781	14,526	9,069	3,814	2,497	1,350	161	
Hardwood	6,809	114	59	283	357	1,915	2,025	1,051	546	377	82	
Total	45,501	349	525	3,076	4,138	16,441	11,094	4,865	3,043	1,727	243	
Oak-pine												
Softwood	12,496	909	420	1,326	896	3,039	1,982	2,105	615	777	427	
Hardwood	13,048	601	489	726	818	3,532	2,111	2,031	1,095	782	863	
Total	25,544	1,510	909	2,052	1,714	6,571	4,093	4,136	1,710	1,559	1,290	
Upland hardwood												
Softwood	4,827	384	54	198	245	509	1,423	917	516	330	251	
Hardwood	53,705	4,772	883	1,626	2,992	5,653	9,951	9,583	7,163	6,018	5,064	
Total	58,532	5,156	937	1,824	3,237	6,162	11,374	10,500	7,679	6,348	5,315	
Lowland hardwood												
Softwood	162				86				76			
Hardwood	2,410	238		226	725	382	329	223	287			
Total	2,572	238		226	811	382	329	223	363	***		
All types												
Softwood	65,160	1,528	1,538	8,412	7,785	19,587	12,474	6,836	3,704	2,457	839	
Hardwood	76,643	5,725	1,509	2,990	4,988	11,850	14,416	12,888	9,091	7,177	6,009	
Total	141,803	7,253	3,047	11,402	12,773	31,437	26,890	19,724	12,795	9,634	6,848	

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ Classifications at the end of the remeasurement period.

Table 20.--Average annual removals of growing stock on timberland, by broad management class, species group, and stand-age class, North Georgia, 1983-1988

Broad management class ^a and	A11	No				Stand	-age class ^a	(years)			
species group	classes	manageable stand	0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81+
					Thousan	d cubic fee	<u> </u>				
Pine plantation											
Softwood	5,676			2,668	3,008						
Hardwood	189			189							***
Total	5,865			2,857	3,008			~-			
Natural pine											
Softwood	68,290	280	414	4,965	13,352	30,542	6,776	7,935	160	1,360	2,506
Hardwood	4,688	349		91	120	2,258	1,392	318		160	
Total	72,978	629	414	5,056	13,472	32,800	8,168	8,253	160	1,520	2,506
Oak-pine											
Softwood	8,109	274		1,621		540	1,554	1,071	1,076	-	1,973
Hardwood	6,974	1,151		496		218	1,074	736	1,695		1,604
Total	15,083	1,425	-	2,117		758	2,628	1,807	2,771		3,577
Upland hardwood											
Softwood	4,151	104	329	592	374	605	447	477	198	840	185
Hardwood	31,204	1,275	363	3,657	1,850	1,256	3,246	1,710	8,500	6,596	2,751
Total	35,355	1,379	692	4,249	2,224	1,861	3,693	2,187	8,698	7,436	2,936
Lowland hardwood											
Softwood											
Hardwood	2,384			1,035				1,349			
Total	2,384	***		1,035		***	-	1,349			
All types											
Softwood	86,226	658	743	9,846	16,734	31,687	8,777	9,483	1,434	2,200	4,664
Hardwood	45,439	2,775	743 363	5,468	1,970	3,732	5,712	4,113	10,195	6,756	4,355
Total	131,665	3,433	1,106	15,314	18,704	35,419	14,489	13,596	11,629	8,956	9,019

aClassifications before timber removals.

Table 21. --Merchantable volume of live trees and growing stock on timberland, by forest-type and species groups, North Georgia, 1989

			Live trees	es				Growing stock	ock	
Forest-type group	A11 species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard	All	Pine	Other softwood	Soft	Hard
					Thousand	Thousand cubic feet				
White pine-hemlock	259,598	23,774	166,216	30,018	39,590	243,294	23,774	166,216	25,627	27,677
Spruce-fir	ł	1	!	1	1	1	1	!	1	1
Longleaf-slash pine	1	;	1	1	1	1	1	!	!	ł
Loblolly-shortleaf pine	1,430,292	1,430,292 1,192,956	11,684	96,864	128,788	1,388,293	1,183,375	11,684	89,441	103,793
Oak-pine	859,226	303,872	70,308	123,353	361,693	797,365	300,097	70,308	113,616	313,344
Oak-hickory	2,516,249	126,829	31,891	521,967	1,835,562	2,319,875	125,799	31,891	490,277	1,671,908
Oak-gum-cypress	27,876	5,593	!	19,082	3,201	26,146	5,593	1	17,352	3,201
Elm-ash-cottonwood	61,122	2,029	1	41,408	17,685	54,052	2,029	1	37,303	14,720
Maple-beech-birch	1	***	!	1	1	1	1	1	}	!
All types	5,154,363	5,154,363 1,655,053	280,099	832,692	2,386,519	4,829,025	4,829,025 1,640,667	280,099	773,616	2,134,643

Table 22.--Area of timberland treated or disturbed annually and retained in timberland, by treatment or disturbance and ownership class, North Georgia, 1983 to 1989

The sales and			Owner	ship class	
Treatment or disturbance	All ownerships	Public	Forest industry	Forest industry- leased	Other private
			Acresa		
Final harvest	47,030	7,059	6,644	532	32,795
Partial harvestb	11,961	742	1,599		9,620
Commercial thinning	1,529	55			1,474
Other stand improvement	4,034	2,315	-		1,719
Site preparation	17,245	2,583	8,699	532	5,431
Artificial regeneration ^c	22,234	4,021	10,369	532	7,312
Natural regeneration ^c	38,001	8,655	540		28,806
Other treatment	2,909				2,909
Natural disturbance	22,127	4,676	364	637	16,450

^aSince some acres experience more than one treatment or disturbance, there are no column totals.

Table 23.--Area of timberland treated or disturbed annually and retained in timberland, by treatment or disturbance and broad management class, North Georgia, 1983 to 1989

Treatment	A11		Broad ma	ınagement	class ^a	
or disturbance	classes	Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak- pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood
			Ac	resb	er Managar Man	
Final harvest	47,030	2,295	23,448	7,351	13,936	
Partial harvest ^c	11,961	-	4,461	3,371	3,392	737
Commercial thinning	1,529		1,529	,		
Other stand improvement	4,034			719	3,315	
Site preparation	17,245	1,147	7,916	3,746	3,895	541
Other treatment	2,909		651	737	1,521	
Natural disturbance	22,127	637	11,466	2,847	6,440	737

^aClassification before treatment or disturbance.

Includes high grading and some selective cutting.

^CIncludes establishment of trees for timber production on forest and nonforest land.

b. Since some acres experience more than one treatment or disturbance, there are no column totals.

^cIncludes high grading and some selective cutting.

Table 24.--Area of timberland regenerated annually, by type of regeneration and broad management class, North Georgia, 1983 to 1989

Туре	A11		Broad m	anagement	class ^a	
of regeneration	classes	Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak- pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood
			<u>A</u>	cres		
Artificial regeneration following harvest	13,461	9,221		4,240		
Natural regeneration following harvest	18,194		1,405	4,994	11,795	
Other artificial regen- eration on forest land	5,829	4,735		375	719	
Other natural regen- eration on forest land	14,500		4,321	3,954	6,225	
Artificial regeneration on nonforest land	2,944	2,944				
Natural reversion of nonforest land	5,307		3,049		2,258	
Total	60,235	16,900	8,775	13,563	20,997	

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ Classification after regeneration.

Table 25.--Area of timberland, by treatment opportunity and broad management classes, North Georgia, 1989

Treatment	A11		Broad m	anagement	class	
opportunity class	classes	Pine plantation	Natural pine	Oak- pine	Upland hardwood	Lowland hardwood
			Ac	res	n versión anni francia en en este en esta en	
Salvage	6,294		2,355	***	3,939	
Harvest	118,410		40,874	10,069	67,467	
Commercial thinning	102,289	12,412	89,877		,	****
Other stand improvement	242,825	3,464	37,415	73,133	114,154	14,659
Stand conversion	13,175	,			13,175	
Regeneration	242,357		24,430	30,647	182,561	4,719
Stands in relatively			•	,	,	
good condition	1,561,081	176,475	433,053	324,323	606,145	21,085
Adverse sites ^a	666,535		92,460	115,142	458,933	
All classes	2,952,966	192,351	720,464	553,314	1,446,374	40,463

^aAreas where management opportunities are severely limited because of steep slopes or poor drainage.

Table 26.--Area of timberland, by treatment opportunity and ownership classes, North Georgia, 1989

War a busine			Owners	ship class	
Treatment opportunity class	A11 ownerships	Public	Forest industry	Forest industry- leased	Other private
			Acres		
Salvage	6,294	2,355	***		3,939
Harvest	118,410	47,976		****	70,434
Commercial thinning	102,289		13,619		88,670
Other stand improvement	242,825	39,260	34,877		168,688
Stand conversion	13,175		3,856		9,319
Regeneration Stands in relatively	242,357	22,607	7,615	***************************************	212,135
good condition	1,561,081	262,250	187,459	11,801	1,099,571
Adverse sites	666,535	346,611	9,950		309,974
All classes	2,952,966	721,059	257,376	11,801	1,962,730

^aAreas where management opportunities are severely limited because of steep slopes or poor drainage.

Table 27. ---Merchantable volume of live trees and growing stock on timberland, by ownership class and species group, North Georgia, 1989

			Live trees	S				Growing stock	ock	
Ownership class	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood
					Thousand	Thousand cubic feet				
National forest	1,324,527	187,742	181,201	183,481	772,103	1,220,556	186,687	181,201	171,445	681,223
Other public	172,749		1,243	43,707	65,980	165,274	61,819	1,243	42,248	59,964
Forest industry	291,099	165,999	!	26,984	98,116	277,345	165,999	***	24,295	87,051
Forest industry-leased	12,864	12,864	-	!	1	12,419	12,419	i	1	
Other private	3,353,124	1,226,629	97,655	578,520	1,450,320	3,153,431	1,213,743	97,655	535,628	1,306,405
All ownerships	5,154,363	5,154,363 1,655,053	280,099	832,692	2,386,519	4,829,025	4,829,025 1,640,667	280,099	773,616	2,134,643

Table 28. --- Volume of sawtimber on timberland, by ownership class and species group, North Georgia, 1989

		01	Small sawtimber ^a	bera				Large sawtimber ^b	aber ^b	
Ownership class	A11 species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard	All	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard
					Thousand	Thousand board feet				
National forest	1,537,750	466,710	233,590	213,899	623,551	2,773,353	163,261	703,325	263,032	1,643,735
Other public	246,818	119,479	4,550	39,775	83,014	295,667	152,935		446,69	72,788
Forest industry	394,526	279,947	!	20,578	94,001	201,128	57,447	-	19,745	123,936
Forest industry-leased	40,534	40,534	1	!	}	1	!	1		!
Other private	5,305,518	2,	104,575	613,129	1,702,855	3,854,145	822,920	346,732	780,456	1,904,037
All ownerships	7,525,146	7,525,146 3,791,629	342,715	887,381	2,503,421	7,124,293	1,196,563	1,050,057	2,503,421 7,124,293 1,196,563 1,050,057 1,133,177 3,744,496	3,744,496
2	,									

Volume of sawtimber trees less than 15.0 inches at d.b.h.

 $^{^{\}rm b}{\rm Volume}$ of sawtimber trees 15.0 inches and larger at d.b.h.

Table 29. -- Average net annual growth and removals of growing stock on timberland, by ownership class and species group, North Georgia, 1983-1988

			Net annual g	rowth			Ar	nual timber	removals	
Ownership class	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood
					Thousand	cubic feet				
National forest	27,235	4,046	5,339	4,642	13,208	32,055	4,958	3,578	6,402	17,117
Other public	4,076	1,340	93	891	1,752	5,873	5,873	·		-
Forest industry	14,115	10,426	14	1,268	2,407	17,525	13,908	119	2,379	1,119
Forest industry-leased	609	609		´	,	1,005	1,005		´ 	·
Other private	95,768	39,516	3,777	18,450	34,025	75,207	55,366	1,419	5,256	13,166
All ownerships	141,803	55,937	9,223	25,251	51,392	131,665	81,110	5,116	14,037	31,402

Table 30. -- Average net annual growth and removals of sawtimber on timberland, by ownership class and species group, North Georgia, 1983-1988

		1	Net annual g	rowth			An	nual timber :	removals	
Ownership class	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood
				~	Thousand	board feet				
National forest	120,541	21,611	29,546	16,821	52,563	109,603	20,259	21,047	19,179	49,118
Other public	22,953	9,302	[*] 527	3,989	9,135	26,424	26,424	·		
Forest industry	38,560	29,407		2,137	7,016	49,384	39,185	459	9,185	555
Forest industry-leased	3,421	3,421			,	1,483	1,483			
Other private	411,715	194,046	19,613	66,574	131,482	234,758	174,388	8,102	17,513	34,755
All ownerships	597,190	257,787	49,686	89,521	200,196	421,652	261,739	29,608	45,877	84,428

Table 31.--Volume of timber on timberland, by class of timber and species group, North Georgia, 1989

Class of timber	All species	Pine	Other softwood	Soft hardwood	Hard hardwood
		Th	ousand cubi	c feet	
Sawtimber trees					
Saw-log portion Upper-stem portion ^a	2,811,567 451,613	980,661 127,875	237,132 15,381	369,578 74,676	1,224,196 233,681
Total Poletimber trees	3,263,180 1,565,845	1,108,536 532,131	252,513 27,586	444,254 329,362	1,457,877 676,766
All growing-stock trees	4,829,025	1,640,667	280,099	773,616	2,134,643
Rough trees					
Sawtimber size Poletimber size	84,449 187,351	6,612 7,774		15,320 25,792	62,517 153,785
Total	271,800	14,386	****	41,112	216,302
Rotten trees					
Sawtimber size Poletimber size	44,905 8,633	ann 200		13,945 4,019	30,960 4,614
Total	53,538	Alles Oyes		17,964	35,574
Salvable dead trees					
Sawtimber size Poletimber size	5,882 5,617	2,051 2,395	128 48	342 457	3,361 2,717
Total	11,499	4,446	176	799	6,078
Total, all timber	5,165,862	1,659,499	280,275	833,491	2,392,597

^aIncludes cull sections in the saw-log portion.

Table 32.--Number of live trees on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1989

	411				Diam	meter cla	ss (inche	es at brea	st height)			
Specie s	All classes	1.0-2.9	3.0- 4.9	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
						Thous	and trees	<u> </u>					
Softwood													
Longleaf pine	691	290	290				94				17		
Slash pine	287	287								***			~~~
Shortleaf pine	69,430	16,994	12,460	12,895	12,394	7,596	4,735	1,486	602	185	68	15	
Loblolly pine	126,097	52,220	26,522	17,101	13,600	6,664	4,845	2,792	1,522	475	240	116	
Pond pine													
Virginia pine	156,394	54,790	37,264	23,060	19,287	13,947	5,470	1,890	568	90	18	10	
Pitch pine	3,758	313	1,052	547	380	558	246	310	207	97		48	
Table Mountain pine	2,015	837	243	386	266	110	97	60		16			
Spruce pine													~-
Sand pine													
Eastern white pine	51,983	31,080	11,328	1,432	2,385	1,334	1,278	808	638	646	344	662	48
Eastern hemlock	14,735	10,161	2,076	1,286	339	273	318	205	29		17	25	6
Spruce and fir													
Baldcypress											***		-
Pondcypress													
Cedars	14,363	10,143	3,292	853		75							
Total softwoods	439,753	177,115	94,527	57,560	48,651	30,557	17,083	7,551	3,566	1,509	704	876	54
Hardwood													
	01 /10	20 216	00 000	10 072	F //F		2 221	0 75/	1 150	710	400	250	0.7
Select white oaks	91,418	39,216	23,323	10,073	5,445	4,680	3,204	2,754	1,152	713	482	352	24
Select red oaks	24,384	11,746	2,882	3,512	1,585	711	1,272	739	648	398	342	526	23 57
Chestnut oak	85,710	24,361	21,184	14,989	7,497	5,877	4,176	3,460	1,754	1,142	525	688	37
Other white oaks	32,334	16,383	7,248	2,620	3,294	1,403	651	378	237	110		10	
Other red oaks	129,652	50,878	31,583	13,929	10,625	7,814	6,035	4,131	2,312	1,284	535	513	13
Hickory	129,090	75,112	25,606	10,289	6,312	5,284	2,538	1,962	1,131	481	155	220	
Yellow birch	314	314									***		
Hard maple	7,579	5,603	1,731		87	158							
Soft maple	235,130	176,841	34,965	12,243	5,537	2,307	1,867	665	278	227	109	82	9
Beech	9,369	6,327	1,604	672	318	65	56	70	61	44	58	94	
Sweetgum	63,224	40,849	11,906	5,238	2,207	1,680	543	474	107	110	73	37	***
Tupelo and blackgum	104,528	85,448	11,643	3,106	2,733	534	419	333	155	82	31	44	
Ash	10,729	6,848	1,167	803	394	775	286	395		20	16	25	
Cottonwood										1000			****
Basswood	1,044		584		106	61	259		25			9	1.5
Yellow-poplar	96,806	53,936	13,926	8,804	6,147	5,374	3,311	2,392	1,508	628	429	336	15
Bay and magnolia	1,050	930			120								
Black cherry	41,142	29,239	7,785	2,538	990	420	83	26	34			27	***
Black walnut	1,043	615	281		111			36		***		1.0	~~~
Sycamore	1,980		926	329	231	287	59	104	100		18	19	7
Black locust	6,696	3,970	820	814	405	410	106		108	20	32	11	
E1m	18,589	14,868	1,977	553	793	312		40		46	***	****	
Other eastern													
hardwoods	550,413	402,882	102,182	30,407	10,019	2,697	1,200	701	214	40	71		
Total hardwoods	1,642,224	1,046,366	303,323	120,919	64,956	40,849	26,065	18,660	9,724	5,345	2,876	2,993	148
All species	2.081.977	1,223,481	397.850	178,479	113,607	71,406	43,148	26,211	13,290	6,854	3,580	3,869	202

Table 33.--Number of growing-stock trees on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1989

	4.7.7				Diam	neter cla	ss (inche	s at brea	st height)			
Species	All classes	1.0-2.9	3.0- 4.9	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
						Thou	sand tree	88				***************************************	
Softwood													
Longleaf pine	691	290	290				94				17		
Slash pine													
Shortleaf pine	65,157	14,047	11,549	12,580	12,294	7,596	4,735	1,486	602	185	68	15	
Loblolly pine	121,038	49,066	25,343	16,597	13,464	6,591	4,845	2,792	1,522	475	240	103	
Pond pine													
Virginia pine	148,894	49,338	36,060	22,748	19,016	13,730	5,470	1,890	534	90	18		
Pitch pine	3,758	313	1,052	547	380	558	246	310	207	97		48	
Table Mountain pine	1,772	837		386	266	110	97	60		16			
Spruce pine													
Sand pine	40 (2/												
Eastern white pine	49,634	29,287	10,772	1,432	2,385	1,334	1,278	808	638	646	344	662	48
Eastern hemlock	13,893	9,587	1,808	1,286	339	273	318	205	29		17	25	6
Spruce and fir Baldcypress													
Pondcypress													
Cedars	13,190	8,970		853		 75							
Cedars	13,190	0,970	3,292	623		/ 3							
Total softwoods	418,027	161,735	90,166	56,429	48,144	30,267	17,083	7,551	3,532	1,509	704	853	54
Hardwood													
Select white oaks	77,144	28,616	21,077	9,308	5,337	4,498	3,059	2,720	1,077	679	421	328	24
Select red oaks	21,657	9,980	2,343	3,297	1,585	711	1,272	669	619	352	325	481	23
Chestnut oak	70,145	16,162	17,369	13,953	6,484	5,458	3,798	3,217	1,618	983	468	592	43
Other white oaks	27,674	14,942	5,237	2,029	2,891	1,403	523	348	208	83		10	
Other red oaks	110,373	37,654	28,481	12,918	10,049	7,285	5,662	3,966	2,233	1,186	481	451	7
Hickory	100,601	51,602	21,448	9,834	6,182	5,216	2,488	1,962	1,046	462	155	206	
Yellow birch	314	314	,			3,210							
Hard maple	3,441	2,036	1,160		87	158							
Soft maple	146,773	103,151	26,174	8,750	4,489	1,738	1,434	594	190	147	58	48	
Beech	6,899	3,986	1,604	672	318	65	56	37	61	21	18	61	
Sweetgum	48,779	29,140	9,433	5,018	2,207	1,680	543	474	83	110	54	37	
Tupelo and blackgum	53,360	39,916	7,737	2,176	2,384	392	334	255	80	43	31	12	
Ash	8,719	5,053	1,167	803	283	704	286	362		20	16	25	
Cottonwood	´												
Basswood	345					61	259		25				~-
Yellow-poplar	92,255	50,260	13,358	8,804	6,147	5,237	3,311	2,322	1,477	605	413	313	8
Bay and magnolia	740	620	·	´	120			,					
Black cherry	23,078	15,502	4,846	1,739	435	420	83	26				27	
Black walnut	317		281					36					
Sycamore	1,883		926	329	231	229	59	65			18	19	7
Black locust	4,887	3,343	566	419	274	203	53		29				
Elm	11,027	7,913	1,685	553	553	261		40		22		***	
Other eastern													
hardwoods	17,991	12,443	2,072	1,505	984	295	329	104	186	18	5.5		
Total hardwoods	828,402	432,633	166,964	82,107	51,040	36,014	23,549	17,197	8,932	4,731	2,513	2,610	112
All species	1,246,429	594,368	257,130	138,536	99,184	66,281	40,632	24,748	12,464	6,240	3,217	3,463	166

Table 34.--Merchantable volume of live trees on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1989

					Diameter c	lass (inche	s at breast	height)			
Species	All classes	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
					Thousa	nd cubic fe	<u>et</u>			and province and province and an experience of the second	
Softwood											
Longleaf pine	2,888				1,917				971		
Slash pine										-	
Shortleaf pine	428,264	41,721	94,967	105,568	99,539	44,591	26,170	9,819	4,834	1,055	
Loblolly pine	528,457	44,707	96,130	86,124	99,076	81,979	64,404	26,329	17,548	12,160	
Pond pine											
Virginia pine	642,900	89,428	164,406	193,139	111,424	55,899	22,082	4,418	903	1,201	
Pitch pine	42,521	1,343	2,421	6,332	5,371	9,667	7,963	5,195		4,229	
Table Mountain pine	10,023	2,127	2,655	1,436	1,644	1,592		569			
Spruce pine											
Sand pine											
Eastern white pine	251,556	4,368	15,932	14,486	25,336	23,111	25,843	37,209	24,521	71,054	9,696
Eastern hemlock	26,099	3,183	2,246	2,759	6,350	5,427	1,210		1,192	2,435	1,297
Spruce and fir	·	-		·		·	·				
Baldcypress											
Pondcypress									***		
Cedars	2,444	1,857		587							
Total softwoods	1,935,152	188,734	378,757	410,431	350,657	222,266	147,672	83,539	49,969	92,134	10,993
Hardwood											
Select white oaks	406,097	28,161	35,161	56,714	59,742	78,258	45,414	36,424	30,164	31,925	4,134
Select red oaks	195,519	12,204	10,353	8,680	22,846	18,362	23,914	19,836	22,294	51,686	5,344
Chestnut oak	505,044	40,230	44,796	65,919	71,224	87,347	57,760	49,512	27,932	53,895	6,429
Other white oaks	71,898	7,892	17,048		10,741	8,664	7,028	3,842	21,932	804	0,425
Other red oaks	623,344	37,459	72,194	15,879	,	•	82,000	60,021	31,496	39,663	1,418
Hickory	329,426		•	84,632	106,655	107,806	•			20,947	1,410
Yellow birch	329,420	26,689	39,446	61,690	46,110	53,604	43,240	26,485	11,215	20,947	
Hard maple	2,147		E 6 1								
Soft maple	174,253	40,769	561	1,586						5,749	788
Beech	23,832	1,873	33,544	24,332	30,272	16,513	8,256	8,764	5,266	8,995	700
Sweetgum	94,528	,	2,318	881	764	2,029	2,369	1,822	2,781	•	
Tupelo and blackgum	51,698	15,158 7,165	13,876	20,271	11,116	14,420	4,861	6,568	4,681	3,577 3,305	
Ash	•		14,526	4,824	6,770	6,418	3,843	2,929	1,918	,	
	34,725	2,192	2,955	9,765	5,655	10,446		968	1,027	1,717	
Cottonwood Basswood	7 702										
	7,793		466	1,065	4,586		1,214		00 570	462	
Yellow-poplar	447,306	28,575	46,223	71,197	70,320	71,634	61,815	32,912	28,573	33,646	2,411
Bay and magnolia	731		731								-
Black cherry	21,770	7,476	5,029	4,161	1,338	538	784			2,444	
Black walnut	1,490		736			754		***			
Sycamore	13,775	1,702	2,091	2,509	1,120	2,470			1,191	1,715	977
Black locust	12,867	1,707	2,261	3,865	1,316		2,352	307	443	616	
Elm	12,690	1,275	4,760	4,196		882		1,577			
Other eastern	100.050	(0.00-									
hardwoods	188,278	68,087	49,824	24,659	19,888	13,788	7,210	1,264	3,558		
Total hardwoods	3,219,211	328,614	398,899	466,825	470,463	493,933	352,060	253,231	172,539	261,146	21,501
All species	5,154,363	517,348	777,656	877,256	821,120	716,199	499,732	336,770	222,508	353,280	32,494

					Diameter c	lass (inche	s at breast	height)			
Species	All classes	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
					Thousa	nd cubic fe	et				
Softwood											
Longleaf pine	2,888				1,917				971		
Slash pine										***	
Shortleaf pine	426,372	40,515	94,281	105,568	99,539	44,591	26,170	9,819	4,834	1,055	
Loblolly pine	525,181	43,281	95,685	85,613	99,076	81,979	64,404	26,329	17,548	11,266	
Pond pine									-	~	
Virginia pine	633,682	88,543	161,280	190,163	111,424	55,899	21,052	4,418	903		
Pitch pine	42,521	1,343	2,421	6,332	5,371	9,667	7,963	5,195		4,229	***
Table Mountain pine	10,023	2,127	2,655	1,436	1,644	1,592		569			
Spruce pine									-		
Sand pine	251 556	. 260									
Eastern white pine	251,556	4,368	15,932	14,486	25,336	23,111	25,843	37,209	24,521	71,054	9,696
Eastern hemlock	26,099	3,183	2,246	2,759	6,350	5,427	1,210		1,192	2,435	1,297
Spruce and fir											
Baldcypress											
Pondcypress Cedars	2 ///	1 057									
Cedars	2,444	1,857		587							
Total softwoods	1,920,766	185,217	374,500	406,944	350,657	222,266	146,642	83,539	49,969	90,039	10,993
Hardwood											
Select white oaks	393,275	25,685	34,599	55,018	58,488	77,342	43,989	35,145	27,839	31,036	4,134
Select red oaks	188,115	11,652	10,353	8,680	22,846	17,044	23,564	18,020	21,729	48,883	5,344
Chestnut oak	474,783	38,436	41,010	62,651	66,725	82,898	54,724	45,737	26,578	50,273	5,751
Other white oaks	66,203	6,214	15,695	15,879	9,259	8,204	6,358	3,790		804	
Other red oaks	600,467	35,204	69,600	81,422	103,487	105,640	80,169	57,273	29,990	36,615	1,067
Hickory	323,491	25,766	38,916	61,151	45,538	53,604	41,127	25,800	11,215	20,374	-,
Yellow birch	,	´						,	,		
Hard maple	2,147		561	1,586					~-		
Soft maple	142,736	31,146	29,475	19,927	25,168	15,505	6,845	6,782	3,616	4,272	
Beech	18,086	1,873	2,318	881	764	1,031	2,369	1,044	1,179	6,627	
Sweetgum	93,134	14,884	13,876	20,271	11,116	14,420	4,045	6,568	4,377	3,577	
Tupelo and blackgum	41,853	5,168	13,434	4,405	5,494	5,631	2,698	2,107	1,918	998	
Ash	32,805	2,192	2,311	9,031	5,655	9,904	_,	968	1,027	1,717	***
Cottonwood	·										
Basswood	6,865			1,065	4,586		1,214	-			-
Yellow-poplar	441,224	28,575	46,223	69,951	70,320	71,098	61,221	32,141	27,516	32,400	1,779
Bay and magnolia	731		731			·			·		
Black cherry	16,838	5,562	2,795	4,161	1,338	538				2,444	
Black walnut	754					754				-	
Sycamore	12,855	1,702	2,091	2,458	1,120	1,601		***	1,191	1,715	977
Black locust	7,348	1,116	1,885	2,520	817		1,010	-			
Elm	10,474	1,275	3,763	3,735		882		819			
Other eastern	64 67-										
hardwoods	34,075	4,909	6,391	3,950	6,627	2,427	6,342	556	2,873	,- ··	
Total hardwoods	2,908,259	241,359	336,027	428,742	439,348	468,523	335,675	236,750	161,048	241,735	19,052
All species	4,829,025	426,576	710,527	835,686	790,005	690,789	482,317	320,289	211,017	331,774	30,045

Table 36.--Volume of sawtimber on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1989

	411			Diameter	class (inch	es at breas	t height)		
Species	All classes	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
				Tho	usand board	feet			
Softwood									
Longleaf pine	15,352		9,196				6,156		
Slash pine							·		
Shortleaf pine	1,318,462	395,212	452,133	229,614	146,828	57,991	29,906	6,778	
Loblolly pine	1,881,765	306,246	445,473	420,031	363,878	159,142	110,857	76,138	_
Pond pine				·	´		´ 	·	_
Virginia pine	1,554,565	685,908	471,872	262,779	105,666	23,400	4,940		-
Pitch pine	193,517	19,791	23,722	48,530	43,391	30,363	,	27,720	_
Table Mountain pine	24,531	5,584	7,319	8,219		3,409	-		-
Spruce pine			·	·		´			-
Sand pine									_
Eastern white pine	1,292,522	51,828	112,071	114,140	139,209	212,549	146,494	450,459	65,77
Eastern hemlock	97,793	9,410	26,960	25,849	6,016		6,626	14,476	8,45
Spruce and fir		·	·						- ,
Baldcypress									-
Pondcypress							***	***	_
Cedars	2,457	2,457							-
Total softwoods	6,380,964	1,476,436	1,548,746	1,109,162	804,988	486,854	304,979	575 , 571	74,22
Hardwood									
Select white oaks	1,200,585		197,411	308,261	195,150	166 050	1/0 /06	167 000	24 40
Select red oaks	699,033		75,794	63,982	99,389	166,950 80,776	140,426 102,756	167,982	24,40 29,74
Chestnut oak	1,396,472		219,362	318,446	232,369	208,130	•	246,592 258,390	32,27
Other white oaks	121,944		33,891	34,710	29,656	18,935	127,496	4,752	32,21
Other red oaks	1,777,603		357,406	427,065	358,824	277,528	152,904	197,354	6,52
Hickory	858,397		157,322	217,916	186,143			113,228	0,52
Yellow birch			157,522	217,910	100,143	125,740	58,048	113,226	_
Hard maple									_
Soft maple	239,077		80,822						_
Beech	52,231		•	59,497	28,797	30,590	17,399	21,972	_
Sweetgum	200,635		2,776 40,015	3,908	9,169	4,149	4,745	27,484	_
Tupelo and blackgum	74,217		•	60,165	19,718	34,776	24,484	21,477	-
Ash	74,649		17,200	21,183	11,857	9,568	9,352	5,057	
Cottonwood	74,049		17,897	37,849 		4,520	5,141	9,242	-
Basswood	20,336		14,964						-
Yellow-poplar	1,409,449		,		5,372				
Bay and magnolia	1,400,440		253,652	310,229	301,848	171,734	157,148	202,796	12,04
Black cherry	20,883		<i>l.</i> 011	2 222				12 7/0	_
Black walnut	2,797		4,811	2,332				13,740	
Sycamore	30,523		3,334	2,797 6,240				0 / 26	
Black locust	6,690		2,871	0,240	2 010		5,832	9,436	5,68
Elm	7,149		2,8/1		3,819	3 404			_
Other eastern	,,149			3,455		3,694			_
hardwoods	75,805		23,583	9,656	26,608	2,406	13,552		-
Total hardwoods	8,268,475		1,503,111	1,887,691	1,508,719	1,139,496	819,283	1,299,502	110,67
All species	14.649.439	1,476,436		2,996,853					

Table 37.--Volume of sawtimber on timberland, by species, size class, and tree grade, North Georgia, 1989

		A11	l size classes	ses		H	Trees 15.0 inches d.b.h. and larger	ches d.b.h	. and larger	
Species	A11		Tree	grade		A11		Tree g	grade	
	grades	 1	2	3	7	grades	1	2	3	7
Softwood					Thousand board	ard feet				
Yellow pinesa	4,988,192	671,696	1,070,924	3,245,572	į	1,196,563	264,581	337,898	594,084	ł
Eastern white pineb	1,292,522	149,820	337,013	795,510	10,179	1,014,483	130,781	298,665	577,791	7,246
CurressC		Qu	•	1	;	1	!	1	*	ı
Other eastern softwoods ^b	100,250	7,822	21,126	71,302		35,574	7,822	21,126	6,626	1 1
Total	6,380,964	829,338	1,429,063	4,112,384	10,179	2,246,620	403,184	657,689	1,178,501	7,246
Hardwood ^C										
Select white and										
red oaks Other white and	1,899,618	392,187	513,344	732,265	261,822	1,254,170	392,187	410,968	342,438	108,577
red oaks	3,296,019	382,225	872,311	1,543,478	498,005	1.905.139	382,225	697,374	610.012	215.528
Hickory	858,397	130,461	299,945	347,106	80,885	483,159	130,461	235,569	94,581	22,548
Yellow birch	ŧ	1	!	1	!	!	1	,	!	!
Hard maple	1	1	ł		1	}	1	1	1	1
Sweetgum	200,635	62,887	16,627	107,508	13,613	100,455	62,887	6,209	31,359	1
Asn, wainut, and black cherry	98.329	18,881	20.071	51 660	717 7	879 68	18 881	676 0	!	7.50
Yellow-poplar	1,409,449	289,898	433,111	556,008	130,432	845,568	289,898	307,126	192.824	55,720
Other eastern hardwoods	506,028	34,209	83,601	298,130	90,088	256,539	34,209	62,209	116,983	42,838
Total	8,268,475 1,310,7	1,310,748	2,239,010	3,636,155	1,082,562	4,877,673	1,310,748	1,728,997	1,388,197	449,731
All species	14,649,439	14,649,439 2,140,086	3,668,073	7,748,539	1,092,741	7,124,293	7,124,293 1,713,932	2,386,686	2,566,698	456,977

aFor yellow pines, tree grade is based on "Southern Pine Tree Grades for Yard and Structural Lumber," Research Paper SE-40, published by the Southeastern Forest Experiment Station, Asheville, NC, 1968. Tree grade 4 does not apply to yellow pine.

^bFor other softwoods (excluding cypress), tree grade is based on "Tree Grades for Eastern White Pine," Research Paper NE-214, published by the Northeastern Forest Experiment Station, Broomall, PA, 1971.

published by the Northeastern Forest Experiment Station, Broomall, PA, 1976. Grade 4 trees are sawtimber trees not qualifying as tree Grades 1, 2, or 3. The butt log of these trees qualify as construction (tie and timber) logs based on "A Guide to Hardwood Log Grading (revised)," General Technical Report NE-1, published by the Northeastern Forest Experiment Station, Broomall, PA, 1971. CFor hardwoods and cypress, tree grades 1, 2, and 3 are based on "Hardwood Tree Grades for Factory Lumber," Research Paper NE-333,

Table 38.--Cubic volume in the merchantable saw-log portion of sawtimber trees on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1989

	A11		I	iameter o	lass (inc	hes at b	east heig	ght)	
Species	All classes	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
				Thou	sand cubi	ic feet			
Softwood									
Longleaf pine	2,711		1,753				958		
Slash pine									
Shortleaf pine	259,062	85,109	90,452	42,485	25,511	9,676	4,785	1,044	
Loblolly pine	349,648	66,464	88,893	77,383	62,473	25,908	17,373	11,154	
Pond pine									
Virginia pine	328,830	152,066	99,545	52,101	19,999	4,246	873	`	
Pitch pine	35,569	4,904	4,871	9,066	7,589	5,008		4,131	
Table Mountain pine	4,841	1,221	1,515	1,542		563			
Spruce pine									
Sand pine									
Eastern white pine	218,038	11,436	22,636	21,454	24,514	35,692	23,685	69,129	9,492
Eastern hemlock	18,605	2,129	5,603	4,999	1,128		1,138	2,347	1,261
Spruce and fir					-,		-,	-,-	-,
Baldcypress							****		
Pondcypress			`						
Cedars	489	489							
Cedars									
Total softwoods	1,217,793	323,818	315,268	209,030	141,214	81,093	48,812	87,805	10,753
Hardwood	00/ 770								
Select white oaks	234,779		41,383	63,640	38,644	31,879	25,834	29,404	3,995
Select red oaks	132,839		16,163	13,414	19,847	15,583	19,147		4,881
Chestnut oak	281,764		48,110	68,145	47,670	41,086	24,341	46,942	5,470
Other white oaks	23,424		6,796	6,820	5,596	3,443	***	769	
Other red oaks	345,065		73,324	86,539	70,170	51,939	27,724	34,368	1,001
Hickory	165,817		32,942	44,160	35,955	23,284	10,335	19,141	
Yellow birch									
Hard maple									
Soft maple	48,154		16,848	12,367	5,802	5,953	3,257	3,927	
Beech	11,373		541	834	1,997	915	1,048	6,038	
Sweetgum	36,915		7,877	11,697	3,618	6,103	4,152	3,468	
Tupelo and blackgum	15,062		3,719	4,476	2,343	1,863	1,743	918	
Ash	15,286		3,832	7,994		876	954	1,630	
Cottonwood			-,					-,	
Basswood	4,228		3,155		1,073				
Yellow-poplar	251,191		49,185	58,654	54,383	29,654	26,045	31,509	1,761
Bay and magnolia									
Black cherry	3,745		1,013	457				2,275	
Black walnut	620	-	1,015	620				2,273	
_	5,538							1 606	928
Sycamore Black locust	1,414		672 570	1,260	844		1,072	1,606	740
Elm	1,414		5/U 	709		715			
	1,423			708		715			
Other eastern	15 127		1. 544	,	5 516		0		
hardwoods	15,137		4,566	1,973	5,516	503	2,579		
Total hardwoods	1,593,774		310,696	383,758	293,458	213,796	148,231	225,799	18,036

					D	iameter cla	ss (inche	at breast	height)				
Species	All classes	1.0-2.9	3.0- 4.9	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
				Andrew State Court Children Court of the Cou	The section of the second of t	Thousand	cubic fee	et .	**************************************	A TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPER			
Softwood													
Longleaf pine	4,183	140	780				2,180	Wh Ca	nine cells	***	1,083	***	
Slash pine	44	44											-
Shortleaf pine	524,305	4,627	14,283	57,161	114,444	122,462	113,679	50,504	29,502	11,038	5,423	1,182	
Loblolly pine	662,338	11,760	26,814	64,388	117,123	100,451	113,393	92,957	72,589	29,567	19,668	13,628	
Pond pine	831,918	17 57	FO 101	117 (00	106 700	205 200	100 (00		25 250	E 0/2	1 020	1 266	***
Virginia pine Pitch pine	* '	14,547 111	52,101	117,603	196,782	225,399	128,629	64,159	25,259	5,043	1,030	1,366	
Table Mountain pine	50,700 12,002	130	1,324 190	1,734	2,886	7,403	6,200	11,129	9,133	5,950 644		4,830	
Spruce pine	12,002	130	190	2,583	3,109	1,654	1,881	1,811		044			
Sand pine										****			
Eastern white pine	314,930	8,664	13,978	5,737	19,312	17,098	29,531	26,795	29,851	42,893	28,225	81,707	11,139
Eastern hemlock	36,014	2,700	2,221	4,471	2,768	3,259	7,363	6,243	1,388	42,093	1,360	2,770	1,471
Spruce and fir	50,014	2,700	2,221		2,700	3,239	7,505	0,243	1,500	***	1,500	2,770	
Baldcypress	100 000	***										****	
Pondcypress		***			****			****		***			
Cedars	9,702	2,597	3,480	2,905	ma #00*	720					NOW. 1079.		
Total softwoods	2,446,136	45,320	115,171	256,582	456,424	478,446	402,856	253,598	167,722	95,135	56,789	105,483	12,610
Total softwoods	2,440,130	45,520	117,171	230,302	430,424	470,440	402,630	233,398	107,722	93,133	50,703	103,403	12,010
Hardwood													
Select white oaks	558,704	10,880	31,669	42,530	46,229	71,875	74,913	97,172	56,267	45,013	37,432	39,646	5,078
Select red oaks	251,298	2,762	4,150	16,948	13,262	10,881	28,372	22,808	29,607	24,497	27,494	63,901	6,616
Chestnut oak	665,097	5,674	30,204	56,937	57,259	81,773	87,440	106,605	70,401	60,507	34,220	66,061	8,016
Other white oaks	107,043	3,933	8,624	11,613	23,067	20,383	13,686	10,985	8,831	4,912		1,009	
Other red oaks	851,350	14,059	46,602	57,243	94,616	107,370	133,041	133,295	100,943	74,160	38,855	49,352	1,814
Hickory	460,510	14,673	29,345	42,055	51,892	77,384	56,748	65,250	52,572	31,959	13,458	25,174	
Yellow birch	53	53								****			
Hard maple	6,188	1,529	2,004		703	1,952						***	
Soft maple	318,129	40,846	55,791	57,074	42,524	29,999	36,718	19,811	10,024	10,740	6,524	7,050	1,028
Beech	34,009	1,453	1,588	2,983	3,045	1,115	956	2,515	2,926	2,362	3,667	11,399	
Sweetgum	138,876	9,186	14,290	22,402	17,197	23,979	12,883	16,557	5,536	7,450	5,358	4,038	
Tupelo and blackgum	95,346	16,924	13,823	10,387	18,171	5,850	8,034	7,733	4,682	3,511	2,233	3,998	
Ash	44,094	1,463	1,503	3,173	3,589	11,515	6,561	12,072		1,103	1,168	1,947	
Cottonwood										***			
Basswood	9,915		799		576	1,233	5,301		1,386			620	
Yellow-poplar	547,925	13,071	18,809	38,601	54,992	82,081	79,997	81,057	69,644	37,004	32,083	37,817	2,769
Bay and magnolia	1,291	366	10 000	10.005	925							2 0 6	
Black cherry Black walnut	48,703 2,240	10,253	10,902	10,225	6,298	5,005	1,582	637	936	-		2,865	
Sycamore	18,159	107	320	2 101	917	3 017	1 21/	896			1 270	1 070	1 127
Black locust	18,427	992	1,748 575	2,191	2,530	3,017	1,314	2,875	3,015	483	1,378	1,979 820	1,127
Elm	21,329	2,365	3,217	2,493	2,877	4,850	1,675		3,015		647	020	
Other eastern	21,329	2,303	3,217	1,804	5,977	5,080		1,039		1,847	-		
hardwoods	478,680	95,971	125,898	103,016	65,779	31,258	24,777	17,243	8,778	1,562	4,398		
Total hardwoods	4,677,366	246,560	401,861	481,675	512,425	576,600	573,998	598,550	425,548	307,110	208,915	317,676	26,448
All species	7,123,502	291,880	517,032	738,257	968,849	1,055,046	976,854	852,148	593,270	402,245	265,704	423,159	39,058

Table 40.--Green weight of forest biomass on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1989

	A11 -				D:	iameter cla	ss (inches	at breast	height)				
Species	classes	1.0- 2.9	3.0- 4.9	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
						Hundred th	nousand pou	ınds					
Softwood													
Longleaf pine	3,333	125	626				1,709				873		
Slash pine	20	20						-					
Shortleaf pine	360,590	2,636	8,657	33,876	77,487	86,184	81,333	36,465	21,202	7,971	3,906	873	
Loblolly pine	470,965	5,854	15,777	44,177	83,829	72,687	82,578	67,939	52,577	21,523	14,214	9,810	
Pond pine					1000								-
Virginia pine	613,664	12,726	42,428	87,020	142,448	164,246	94,172	46,819	18,397	3,664	765	979	
Pitch pine	33,730	100	1,199	1,139	1,963	4,885	4,075	7,280	6,037	3,882		3,170	
Table Mountain pine	7,298	81	177	1,445	1,804	1,023	1,187	1,152		429			****
Spruce pine						-				***			
Sand pine													
Eastern white pine	188,848	3,651	6,343	3,847	12,699	11,479	19,284	17,142	18,715	25,937	16,851	46,874	6,026
Eastern hemlock	26,406	1,590	1,417	3,520	2,171	2,677	5,594	4,788	965		910	1,850	924
Spruce and fir													
Baldcypress													
Pondcypress Cedars	 6 F11												
Cedars	6,511	1,621	2,225	2,099		566							
Total softwoods	1,711,365	28,404	78,849	177,123	322,401	343,747	289,932	181,585	117,893	63,406	37,519	63,556	6,950
Hardwood													
Select white oaks	449,363	8,622	23,365	29,099	36,143	57,631	60,961	79,755	46,501	37,524	31,549	33,752	4,461
Select red oaks	202,907	2,356	3,097	12,231	10,751	8,868	23,571	18,917	24,422	19,977	22,285	51,211	5,221
Chestnut oak	521,984	5,166	23,507	40,043	43,410	63,413	68,540	84,256	56,658	48,609	27,718	53,822	6,842
Other white oaks	84,181	2,828	6,031	8,236	17,884	16,157	11,137	9,216	7,593	4,175		924	
Other red oaks	710,230	11,056	34,689	40,860	76,409	90,641	113,918	114,139	87,370	63,941	33,469	42,226	1,512
Hickory	371,304	12,621	25,758	28,494	39,641	61,069	45,985	53,779	43,821	26,726	11,414	21,996	-,,,
Yellow birch	42	42	,,,,,						,		, ,	,	
Hard maple	5,140	1,290	1.692		576	1,582							
Soft maple	231,645	30,929	39,510	39,658	32,215	22,161	27,220	14,606	7,342	7,722	4,611	4,966	705
Beech	26,700	1,197	1,374	1,624	2,199	850	865	2,025	2,328	1,919	2,947	9,372	
Sweetgum	97,692	6,148	9,526	13,840	12,296	17,324	9,431	12,094	4,108	5,633	4,095	3,197	
Tupelo and blackgum	65,355	13,251	10,171	5,619	11,301	3,835	5,341	5,407	3,373	2,524	1,605	2,928	
Ash	27,629	862	954	2,252	2,453	7,363	4,011	7,284		632	660	1,158	
Cottonwood											***	´ 	-
Basswood	6,647		550		380	777	3,562		940			438	
Yellow-poplar	382,559	9,663	12,588	22,604	36,682	56,465	56,075	57,866	50,311	26,925	23,508	27,886	1,986
Bay and magnolia	809	241			568							****	***
Black cherry	29,977	5,050	7,279	5,886	4,173	3,249	1,114	470	682			2,074	
Black walnut	2,006	85	275		777			869					
Sycamore	12,455		1,187	1,139	1,515	2,042	887	2,154			1,037	1,595	899
Black locust	17,324	839	502	2,012	2,652	4,591	1,636		3,067	500	712	813	
Elm	14,062	1,681	2,215	1,178	3,777	3,118	-	731		1,362			
Other eastern													
hardwoods	370,316	82,656	105,031	71,286	48,112	22,349	17,525	11,264	7,367	1,203	3,523		~
Total hardwoods	3,630,327	196,583	309,301	326,061	383,914	443,485	451,779	474,832	345,883	249,372	169,133	258,358	21,626
All species	5,341,692	224,987	388,150	503,184	706,315	787,232	741,711	656,417	463,776	312,778	206,652	321,914	28,576

Table 41.--Average net annual growth and removals of live timber and growing stock on timberland, by species, North Georgia, 1983-1988

	Live	timber ^a	Growin	g stock
Species	Net annual growth	Annual timber removals	Net annual growth	Annual timber removals
		Thousand	cubic feet	
Softwood				
Yellow pines	55,937	81,495	55,937	81,110
Eastern white pine	7,774	4,151	7,774	4,151
Spruce and fir		-		
Cypress				
Other eastern softwoods	1,449	965	1,449	965
Total softwoods	65,160	86,611	65,160	86,226
Hardwood				
Select white and				
red oaks	13,973	11,392	13,840	11,199
Other white and	,	•	,	,
red oaks	30,508	16,857	30,142	15,659
Hickory	5,392	2,754	5,365	2,488
Yellow birch				
Hard maple	114		114	
Sweetgum	2,781	962	2,769	801
Ash, walnut, and				
black cherry	1,645	1,162	1,534	985
Yellow-poplar	14,111	8,926	14,065	8,384
Tupelo and blackgum	993	136	963	136
Bay and magnolia	25	684	25	684
Other eastern hardwoods	9,747	8,395	7,826	5,103
Total hardwoods	79,289	51,268	76,643	45,439
All species	144,449	137,879	141,803	131,665

^aMerchantable portion only.

Table 42.--Average net annual growth and removals of sawtimber on timberland, by species, North Georgia, 1983-1988

Species	Net annual	Annual timber
	growth	removals
	Thousand	board feet
Softwood		
Yellow pines	257,787	261,739
Eastern white pine	44,788	24,620
Spruce and fir	name Anne	21,020
Cypress	and rate	***
Other eastern softwoods	4,898	4,988
Total softwoods	307,473	291,347
Hardwood		
Select white and		
red oaks	58,055	32,810
Other white and	,	,
red oaks	114,539	43,349
Hickory	21,900	6,163
Yellow birch		,
Hard maple	****	****
Sweetgum	10,570	934
Ash, walnut, and	,	
black cherry	3,341	456
Yellow-poplar	65,251	33,235
Tupelo and blackgum	1,481	anna week
Bay and magnolia	***************************************	826
Other eastern hardwoods	14,580	12,532
Total hardwoods	289,717	130,305
All species	597,190	421,652

Table 43.--Average annual removals of growing stock on timberland, by species and diameter class, North Georgia, 1983-1988

	411			Di	ameter c	lass (in	ches at b	oreast he	eight)		
Species	All classes	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0- 28.9	29.0 and larger
					Thou	sand cub	ic feet				
Softwood											
Yellow pines	81,110	7,418	16,788	19,461	16,169	10,130	6,139	2,343	1,182	1,480	
Eastern white pine	4,151	´		165	158	371	522	651	231	1,765	288
Spruce and fir	´					-				·	
Cypress											
Other eastern softwoods	965			119	157	136	176		192		185
Total softwoods	86,226	7,418	16,788	19,745	16,484	10,637	6,837	2,994	1,605	3,245	473
Hardwood											
Select white and											
red oaks	11,199	1,183	1,445	1,009	2,046	1,552	1,520	552	508	1,039	345
Other white and	ŕ	•	,	,	,	,	•			•	
red oaks	15,659	1,257	1,397	3,031	2,642	1,120	3,089	1,153	842	819	309
Hickory	2,488	186	480	510	273	197	115	156		571	
Yellow birch	·										F700 4000
Hard maple								****			
Sweetgum											
Ash, walnut, and	801	349		246	-	206					with easy
black cherry	985		613	239	133						****
Yellow-poplar	8,384	757	404	524	970	1,607	1,945	639	432	838	268
Tupelo and blackgum	136			136							***
Bay and magnolia	684	529								155	
Other eastern hardwoods	5,103	798	611	786	711	140	1,099	445	158	355	***
Total hardwoods	45,439	5,059	4,950	6,481	6,775	4,822	7,768	2,945	1,940	3,777	922
All species	131,665	12,477	21,738	26,226	23,259	15,459	14,605	5,939	3,545	7,022	1,395

Table 44.—Average annual mortality of live timber, growing stock, and sawtimber on timberland, by species, North Georgia, 1983-1988

Species	Live timber ^a	Growing stock	Sawtimber
	Thou	sand	Thousand
	cubic		board feet
Softwood			#MAN friends a secretar and a second and a s
Yellow pines	18,536	17,854	36,115
Eastern white pine	617	617	1,924
Spruce and fir	017	017	1,924
Cypress			
Other eastern softwoods	93	93	394
other eastern softwoods		7.3	374
Total softwoods	19,246	18,564	38,433
Hardwood			
Select white and			
red oaks	3,417	2,805	6,512
Other white and	0,127	2,000	0,312
red oaks	12,544	10,256	26,236
Hickory	2,979	2,248	5,656
Yellow birch			
Hard maple		Neces show	
Sweetgum	88		
Ash, walnut, and			
black cherry	41		
Yellow-poplar	1,243	1,090	1,966
Tupelo and blackgum	775	605	1,593
Bay and magnolia			
Other eastern hardwoods	3,140	585	
Total hardwoods	24,227	17,589	41,963
All species	43,473	36,153	80,396
TITI OPECIES		30,133	00,350

^aMerchantable portion only.

Table 45.--Change in number of live trees on timberland, by species group, survey completion date, and diameter class, North Georgia

Species group	All classes	Diameter class (inches at breast height)							
and year		1.0-2.9	3.0- 4.9	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0 and larger
	The second secon	Thousand trees							
Yellow pine									
1983	454,245	139,811	118,740	74,076	60,523	33,242	16,950	6,754	4,149
1989	358,672	125,731	77,831	53,989	45,927	28,875	15,487	6,538	4,294
Change	-95,573	-14,080	-40,909	-20,087	-14,596	-4,367	-1,463	-216	+145
Other softwood									
1983	68,742	45,895	11,673	2,192	2,802	1,686	1,371	949	2,174
1989	81,081	51,384	16,696	3,571	2,724	1,682	1,596	1,013	2,415
Change	+12,339	+5,489	+5,023	+1,379	-78	-4	+225	+64	+241
Hardwood									
1983	1,865,887	1,223,087	340,199	132,081	64,777	42,845	27,084	15,944	19,870
1989	1,642,224	1,046,366	303,323	120,919	64,956	40,849	26,065	18,660	21,086
Change	-223,663	-176,721	-36,876	-11,162	+179	-1,996	-1,019	+2,716	+1,216

Table 46.--Land area, by land use class, major forest type, and survey completion date, North Georgia

Land use class	Survey	Change			
Land use Class	1972	1983	1989	1983-1989	
Forest land Timberland:					
Pine and oak-pine types Hardwood types	1,698,424 1,494,074	1,536,595 1,560,140	1,466,129 1,486,837	-70,466 -73,303	
Total	3,192,498	3,096,735	2,952,966	-143,769	
Reserved timberland Woodland	16,230	66,249	109 , 275	+43,026	
Total forest land	3,208,728	3,162,984	3,062,241	-100,743	
Nonforest land					
Cropland	278,587	293,712	248,301	-45,411	
Pasture and range	435,559	399,001	473,127	+74,126	
Other	271,230	338,113	426,712	+88,599	
Total	985,376	1,030,826	1,148,140	+117,314	
All land ^a	4,194,104	4,193,810	4,210,381	+16,571	

^aExcludes all water areas.

Table 47.--Volume^a of sawtimber, growing stock, and live timber on timberland, by species group, survey completion date, and diameter class, North Georgia

Species		Diameter class (inches at breast height)								
group All and classes year	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0 and larger	
				SAWTIM	BER (in thous	and board fee	t)			
Softwood										
1972	4,880,217			1,340,458	1,241,834	855,311	535,826	3,104,475	220,429	375,884
1983	6,278,788			1,510,382	1,559,093	1,110,728	809,378	409,182	338,552	541,473
1989	6,380,964			1,476,436	1,548,746	1,109,162	804,988	486,854	304,979	649,799
Hardwood										
1972	6,122,421				1,328,098	1,401,150	1,095,944	869,995	565,745	861,489
1983	7,260,111				1,512,793	1,555,912	1,479,863	916,389	657,338	1,137,816
1989	8,268,475				1,503,111	1,887,691	1,508,719	1,139,496	819,283	1,410,175
				GROWING	STOCK (in the	ousand cubic f	eet)			
Softwood										
1972	1,858,936	331,254	428,851	382,423	289,016	174,761	100,323	54,482	37,507	60,319
1983	2,053,927	226,505	438,925	430,869	362,851	226,929	151,539	71,807	57,609	86,893
1989	1,920,766	185,217	374,500	406,944	350,657	222,266	146,642	83,539	49,969	101,032
Hardwood										
1972	2,382,823	218,881	310,944	380,770	399,917	357,631	251,904	185,898	114,903	161,975
1983	2,711,202	242,825	309,153	423,192	455,551	397,127	340,133	195,806	133,506	213,909
1989	2,908,259	241,359	336,027	428,742	439,348	468,523	335,675	236,750	161,048	260,787
				LIVE TI	MBER ^b (in the	ousand cubic f	Eeet)			
Softwood										
1972	1,870,129	335,378	429,496	386,880	289,016	176,083	100,968	54,482	37,507	60,319
1983	2,065,316	229,442	439,749	435,901	362,851	228,602	152,462	71,807	57,609	86,893
1989	1,935,152	188,734	378,757	410,431	350,657	222,266	147,672	83,539	49,969	103,127
Hardwood										
1972	2,680,693	299,908	374,820	417,362	431,020	381,627	265,583	201,864	125,885	182,624
1983	3,042,279	332,214	372,606	464,033	491,101	423,698	358,594	212,596	146,252	241,185
1989	3,219,211	328,614	398,899	466,825	470,463	493,933	352,060	253,231	172,539	282,647

^aTo provide a basis for valid comparisons, adjustments have been made to allow for differences in volume tables and sawtimber specifications used in previous surveys.

bMerchantable volume.

Brown, Mark J.; Thompson, Michael T.

Forest statistics for North Georgia, 1989. Resour. Bull. SE-107. Asheville, NC: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Southeastern Forest Experiment Station; 1989. 52 pp.

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KEYWORDS: Timberland, land use trends, timberland ownership, timber volume, timber growth, timber removals.

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